

Technical Information

This training was developed under the **Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's**Prevention Technology Transfer Center task order.
Reference # 1H79SP081018.

Audio will stream through your computer or device

 If you prefer to call in, the phone numbers are included in your registration confirmation.

If you are experiencing technical difficulties, please be sure that your audio is properly connected via phone or computer. Calling in through your phone may be helpful.

Disclaimer

Please note, the views expressed in this training do not necessarily represent the views, policies, and positions of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services









The PTTC Network uses affirming language to promote the application of evidence-based and culturally informed practices.

Agenda

8:45 -9:00 am	Welcome
9:00 – 9:30 am	Setting the stage for an equity focus
	15 min Setup break
9:45 – 11:00 am	Panel Discussion: Equity & Prevention in Appalachia and Rural Settings
	15 min Setup break
11:15 – 12:00 pm	Equity & Prevention with Native American communities, a conversation
	15 min Setup break
12:15 – 12:45 pm	Equity & Prevention with LGBTQ community
12:45 – 1:15 pm	Equity & Prevention with African American communities
1:15 – 1:30 pm	Wrap-Up and Closing Thoughts
	All times are Eastern Standard Time

Our planning committee

Patti Clark, Kentucky Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental & Intellectual Disabilities

Crystal Gordon, South Carolina Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services

Chad Johnson, Tennessee Certification Board

Kayce Matthews, Tennessee Coalition for Healthy & Safe Campus Communities

LaTarsha Michael, Mississippi Department of Mental Health

Amy Ronshausen, Drug Free America Foundation

Chris Wood, Georgia School of Addiction Studies

Kristin Kidd, Southeast PTTC

Carlton Hall, Carlton Hall Consulting (CHC)





Setting the Stage for an Equity Focus

CAPT Michael King, Ph.D., M.S.W., Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Regional Administrator (Region 4)

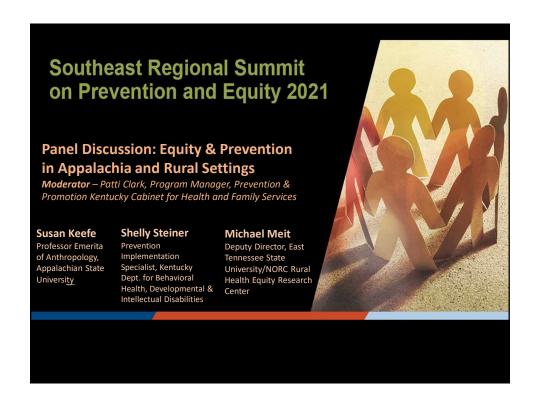


Southeast Regional Summit on Prevention and Equity 2021



We return at 9:44 am ET

Coming up: Panel Discussion: Equity & Prevention in Appalachia and Rural Settings



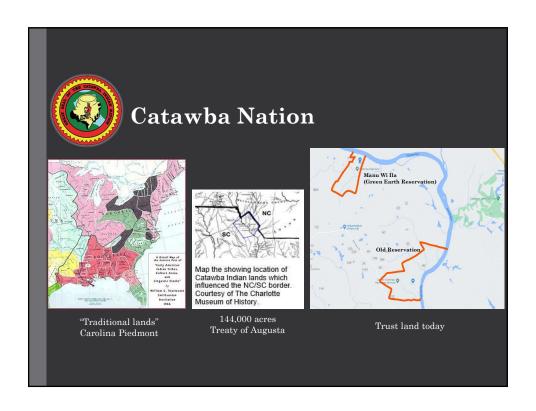
Southeast Regional Summit on Prevention and Equity 2021

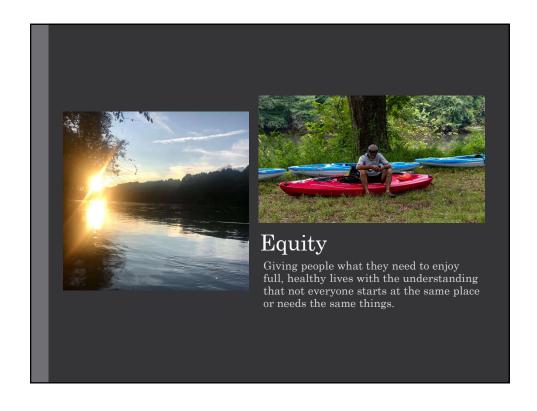


We return at 11:13 am ET

Coming up: Equity & Prevention in Native American Communities, A Discussion









NATIVE health Counseling Services The Catawba River Ramble for Recovery FIRE Program Peer Support Services Prevention Services: Native Connections Youth Council Financial Literacy Project Venture Healing of the Canoe https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wa Q4eK7wfb8&feature=youtu.be

Southeast Regional Summit on Prevention and Equity 2021



We return at 12:14pm ET

Coming Up: Equity & Prevention with LBGTQ & African American Communities

Southeast Regional Summit on Prevention and Equity 2021

15 min Set-up BREAK Coming up at 12:15 PM EST:

Equity & Prevention with LBGTQ Communities (12:15p)

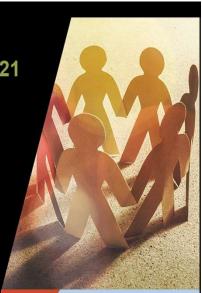


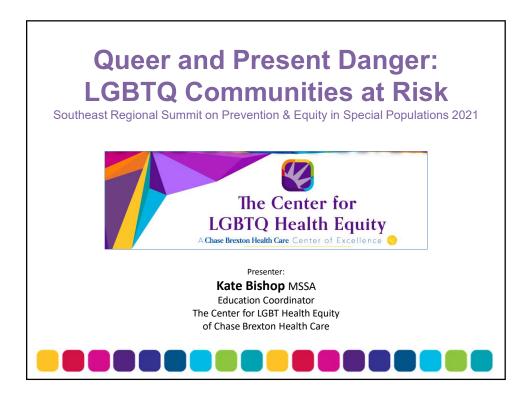
Kate Bishop Education Coordinator, The LGBT Health Resource Center of Chase Brexton Health

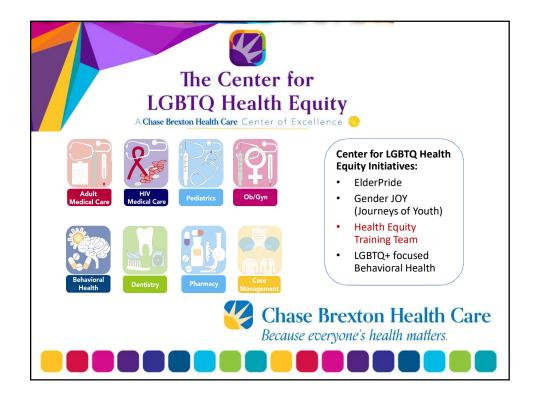
Equity & Prevention with African American Communities (12:45p)



LaTarsha Michael Mississippi Department of Mental Health





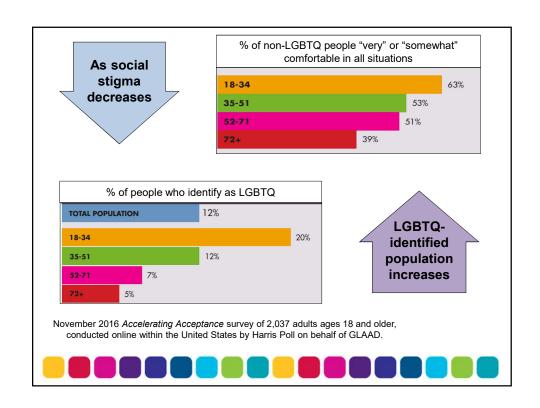


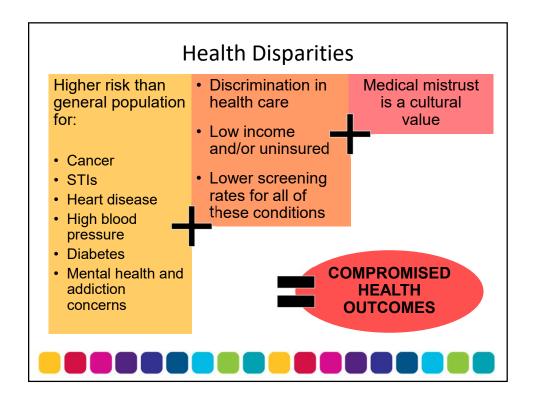


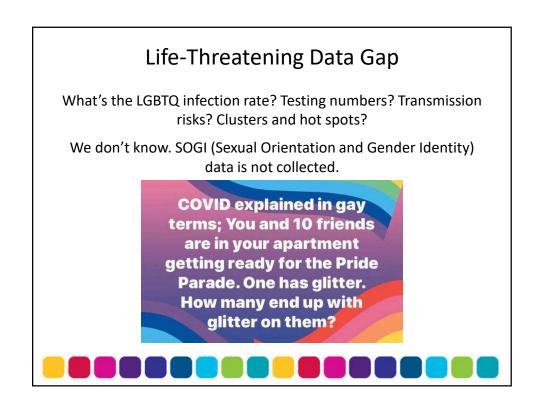
Presentation Takeaways

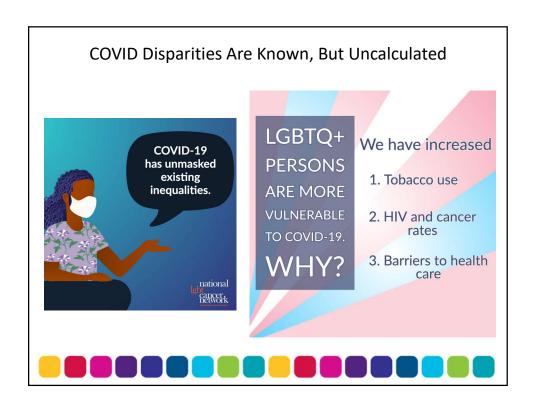
- The need for Behavioral Health services in LGBTQ communities is massive and urgent.
- Working with LGBTQ people is not specialty care, and will not be optional over your career.
- No matter your starting point, you can level up the quality of care you provide to LGBTQ individuals.

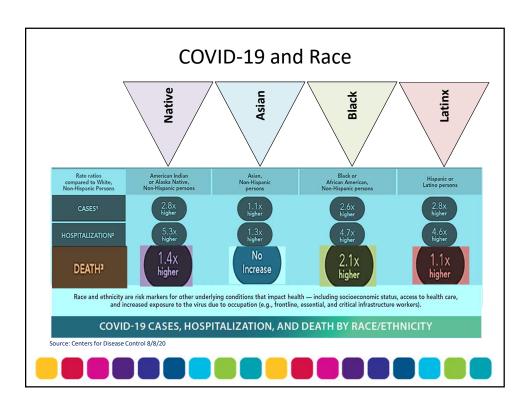












SKILL BUILDER: Practicing SOGI Questions

"As part of getting to know you as our patient, I am going to ask you some questions about your gender and sexuality.

Your answers are as confidential as the rest of your private health information."

- · What is your sexual orientation?"
- "Do you consider yourself straight, gay, bisexual, queer, or something else?"
- "What was the sex listed on your birth certificate?"
- "What is your current gender identity?"
- "Who is significant in your life?"
- "How many sex partners have you had in the past year?"
- "What are the genders of your sexual partners?"



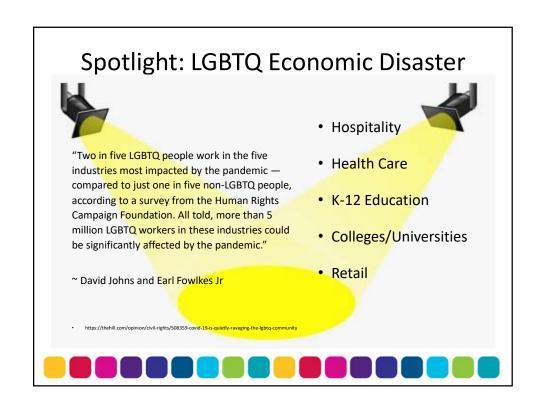
Pre-Pandemic Disparities

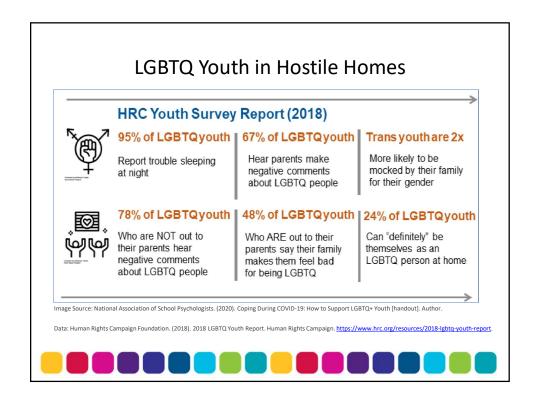
Before 2020, LGBTQ people saw higher rates of:

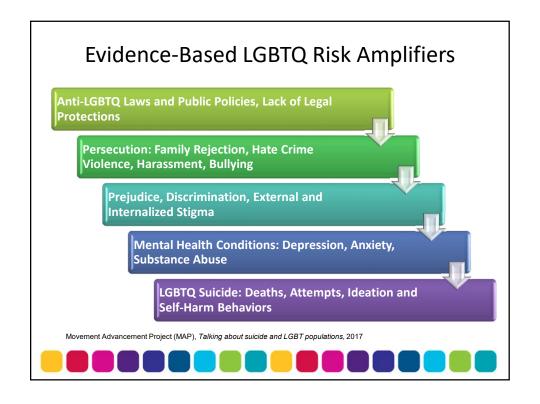
- · Unemployment, low wages, lack of benefits
- · Housing discrimination, eviction, instability
- Health insurance coverage gaps
- Health care discrimination, uneven provider training
- · Chronic Illness Cancer, Diabetes, HIV, Hypertension
- Tobacco, alcohol, substance misuse
- Mental Health challenges anxiety, depression, PTSD
- · Incarceration and other institutionalization
- · Trauma, sexual assault, street violence
- · Youth family rejection, Elder isolation

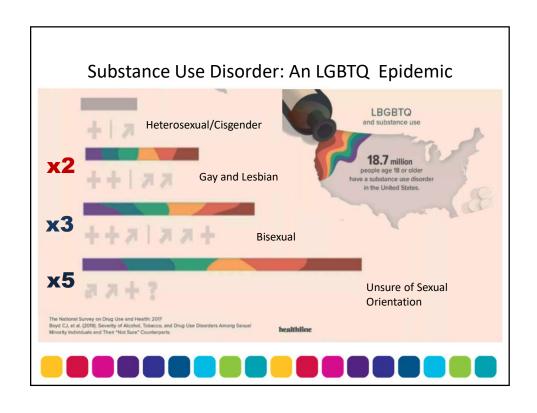


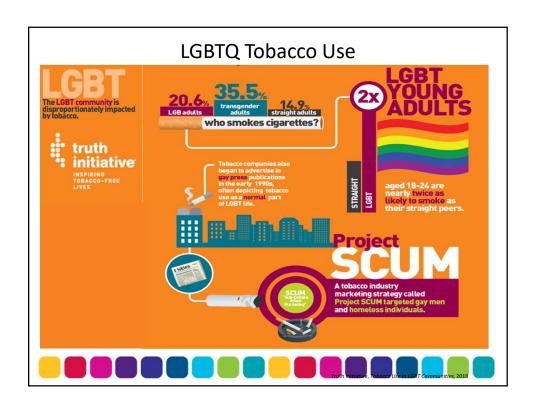












Five Reasons Why

High rates of LGBTQ substance use and abuse may be due to:

- **1. STIGMA:** High stress levels due to social, legal, medical, employment and housing prejudice and discrimination.
- **2. TRAUMA:** More likely to have experienced trauma and other mental health concerns than their cisgender/heterosexual peers
- **3. SAFER SPACES:** LGBTQ people have relied on bars and clubs as community-controlled safe venues for socializing
- **4. TARGETED MARKETING:** Alcohol and tobacco companies exploit LGBTQ values like freedom, self-expression, and visibility
- **5. CARE SYSTEM GAPS:** Lack of cultural knowledge in health care discourages LGBTQ population from seeking treatment

Hunt, Jerome. Why the Gay and Transgender Population Experiences Higher Rates of Substance Use. Center for American Progress, 3/9/12.



Community Concept: Safety

- "Safety" to LGBTQ people means:
 - Safety to be authentic and open with identities
 - Safety to be believed about discrimination & abuse
 - Safety to feel unafraid of homophobic/transphobic responses and attitudes of service providers
- People from a dominant (heterosexual, cisgender) culture tend to assume that if they are mistreated, they have an automatic right to help, and will be treated respectfully by any agency
- Those from a subdominant (LGBTQ) culture may not have experienced agencies as helpful in the past, may not believe that help is genuinely available, and may not seek out help





Community Concept: Service Providers

Agency assurances that services are "for Everyone" may not mean much to a LGBTQ person.

- LGBTQ people tend to assume service providers will be unwelcoming or hostile until proven otherwise
- LGBTQ people often believe services do not include their concerns unless explicitly targeted toward them
- LGBTQ people historically have been offered "help" to become "normal", may automatically be suspicious of help from any institutional representative

Adapted from the YWCA of Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky

Targeted Population Stress

- Damaging physical and mental health effects for those who are targeted with prejudice and discrimination
- Impacts all marginalized groups

 sometimes called "minority stress"
- Hostile environments, anticipated threats, and continual micro-aggressions cause or exacerbate:
 - Depression
 - Anxiety disorders
 - o Substance abuse
 - Hypertension
 - Heart disease
 - o Cancer



2016 US Transgender Survey: Health Care

Respondents faced serious barriers to accessing health care, including:

- **Refusal of care**: 19% reported being refused care due to their gender. Numbers among people of color are higher.
- Harassment and violence in medical settings:
 - 28% of respondents were subjected to harassment
 - 2% were victims of violence in their doctor's office
- Lack of provider knowledge: 50% of the sample reported having to teach their medical providers about transgender care.

Source: National Center for Transgender Equality



SKILL BUILDER: Let's Talk About Pronouns!

Gender-binary pronouns:

Gender-neutral pronouns:

- · She, Her, Hers
 - (Alex ate her food because she was hungry.)
- · He, Him, His
 - (Alex ate his food because he was hungry.)



- · They, Them, Theirs
 - (Alex ate *their* food because *they* were hungry.)
- Ze, Hir
 - (Alex ate hir food because ze was hungry.)
- Just use my name!
 - (Alex ate Alex's food because Alex was hungry)

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Misgendering and Deadnaming



- Can "out" someone and make them emotionally or physically unsafe
- Makes the person wonder if you are clueless or cruel
- · Feels humiliating and disrespectful
- · Damages your rapport
- If you are a helping professional, these mistakes can contribute to someone being so uncomfortable they do not get the care they need

Image: Original art by Sam Moss

SKILL BUILDER: "Minority Stress" Treatment Principles

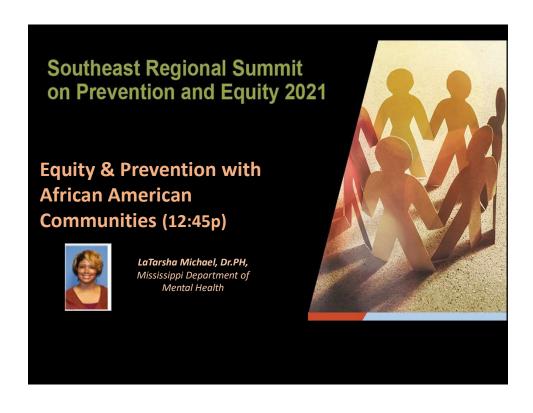
- Normalize adverse impact of targeted population ("minority") stress
- Facilitate emotional awareness, regulation, and acceptance
- Empower assertive communication
- Foster supportive relationships and community
- Affirm healthy, rewarding expressions of sexuality and gender.

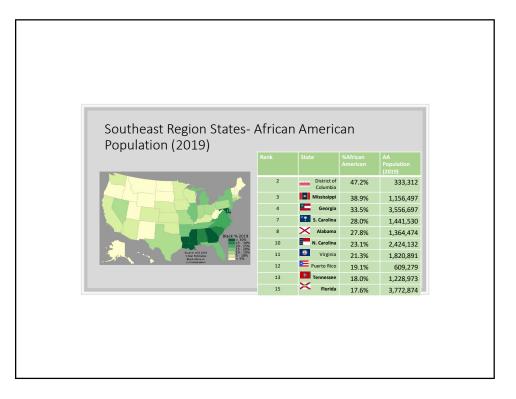
Validate unique strengths of LGBTQ people:

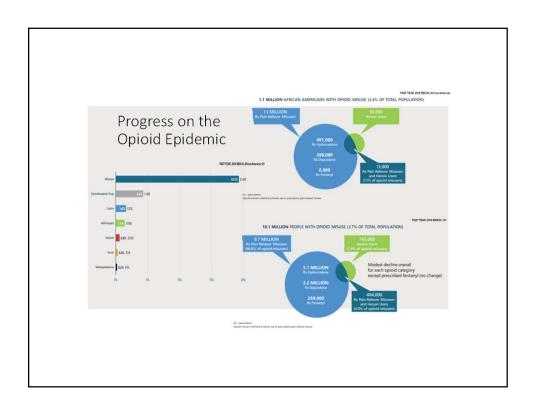
- Creativity
- Courage
- Resilience
- Humor
- Community/Chosen Family
- The Legacy of Elders and Ancestors
- Fabulousness

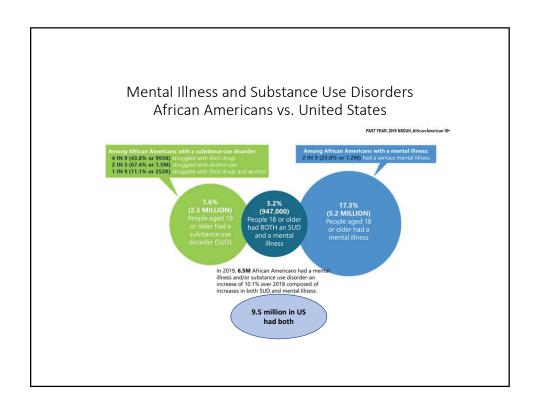
Adapted from: Alex Keuroghlian, 2018 Suicide Risk and Prevention for LGBTQ People, Webinar for The Fenway Institute

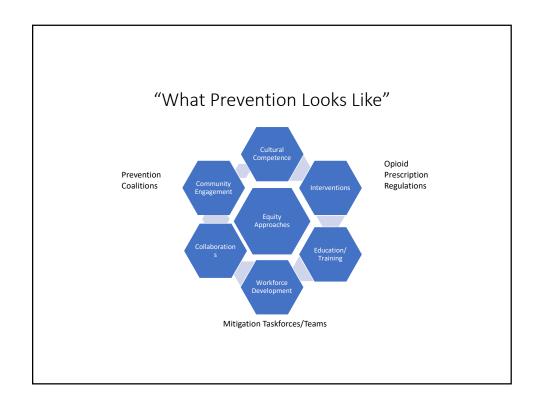


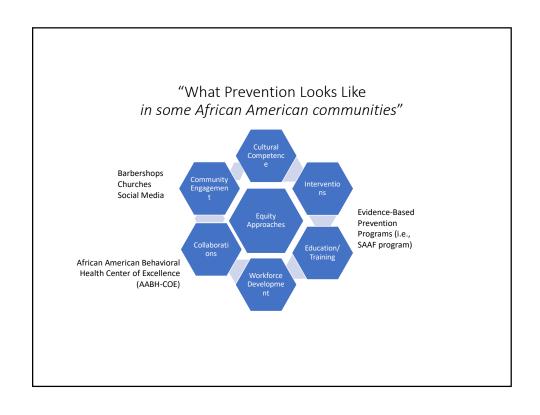


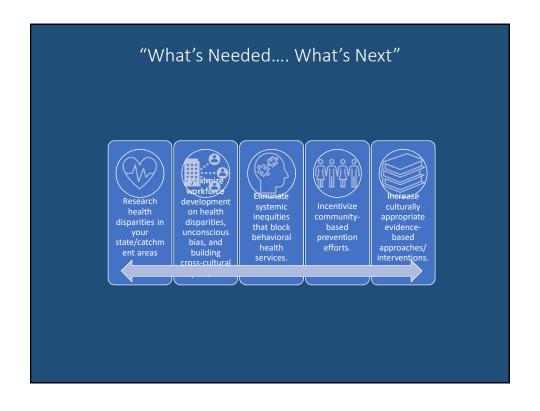






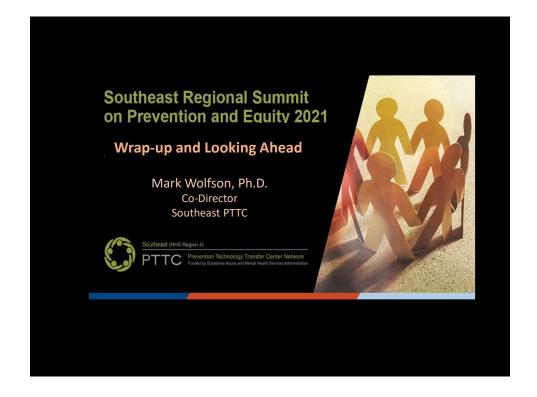






Resources

- https://africanamericanbehavioralhealth.org/
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_U.S._states_and_territories_by_African-American_population
- https://www.equityliteracy.org/approaches-to-educational-equity
- https://www.samhsa.gov/data/release/2019-national-survey-drug-use-and-health-nsduhreleases
- https://www.vancouver.wsu.edu/equity-diversity/adopting-equity-lens



Thanks to our presenters!

Dr. Ronny Bell

Wake Forest School of Medicine

Kate Bishop

Chase Brexton Health Services

Dr. Patti Clark

Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family

Services

Dr. Susan E. Keefe

Appalachian State University

Captain Michael King, Ph.D. SAMHSA

Michael Meit

East Tennessee State University & NORC

Shelly Steiner

Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Service

Hailey Wade

Catawba Nation Family Services

Dr. LaTarsha Michael

Mississippi Department of Mental Health

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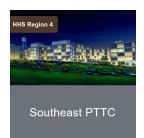
Kristin Kidd, Southeast Prevention Technology Transfer Center

Carlton Hall, Carlton Hall Consulting



Coming Attractions...





Joint webinar being planned for Spring 2021 (title & date TBD) Focus on Latinx populations in the Southeast

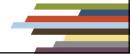


Coming Attractions continued...



Health Equity in Prevention Series

- 4 Learning Sessions and 4 Learning Labs over 2 Months
- Will Appy the Strategic Prevention Framework to Achieving Equity in Substance Misuse Prevention
- Planned for Spring/Summer 2021
- Stay tuned...and register when it's time!



Thank You!

https://pttcnetwork.org/centers/southeast-pttc/home

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