Lobby

- 1. Are you or have you ever served in the U.S. military as active duty, reserve, or national guard?
- 2. Have you done any ATOD prevention work with the military community?





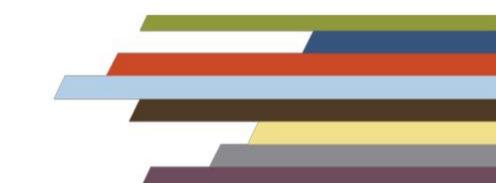
The Role of Prevention in Addressing Alcohol Use in the U.S. Military

August 22, 2023

Alicia Sparks, PhD, MPH

Synergy Enterprises, Inc.

U.S. Alcohol Policy Alliance

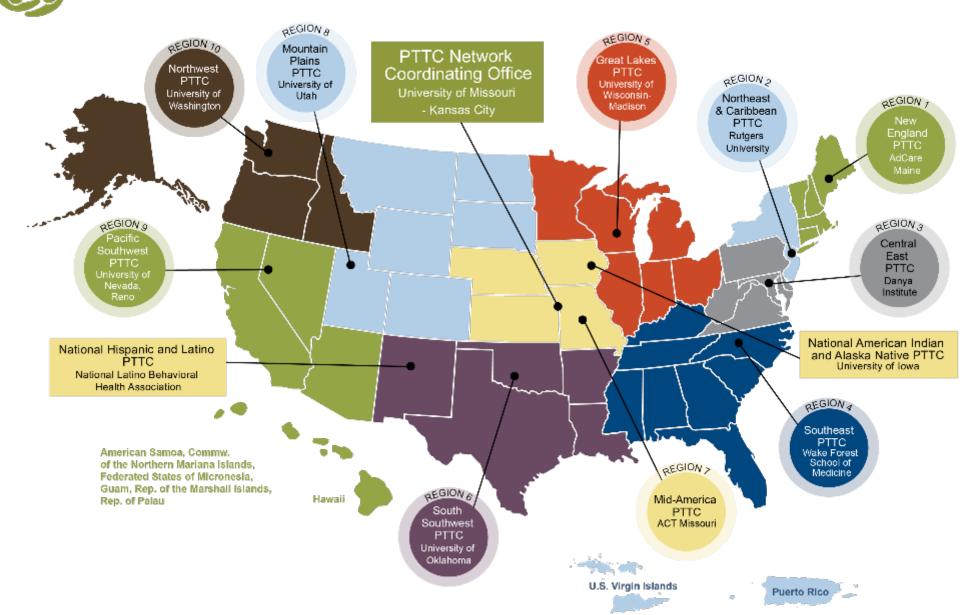


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PTTC Network



Purpose of the TTCs



Develop and strengthen the workforces that provide substance use disorder and mental health disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery support services.



Help people and organizations incorporate effective practices into substance use and mental health disorder prevention, treatment and recovery services.

PTTC Network Approach

The PTTCs...

Develop and disseminate tools and strategies needed to improve the quality of substance abuse prevention efforts

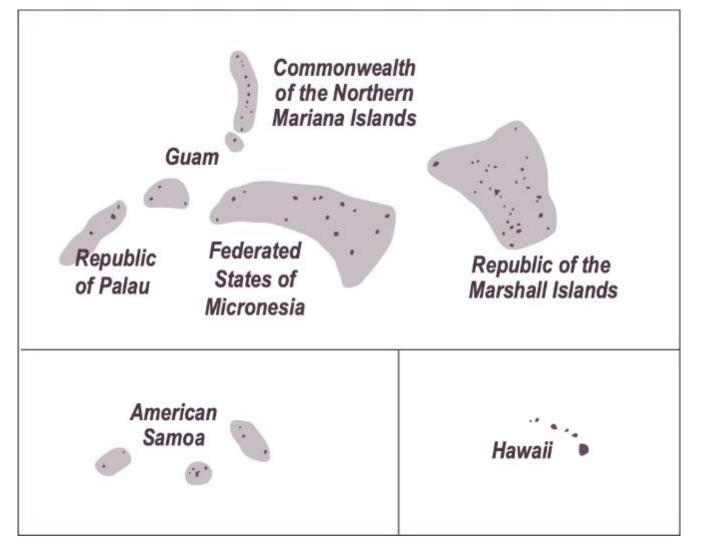
Provide training and resources to prevention professionals to improve their understanding of

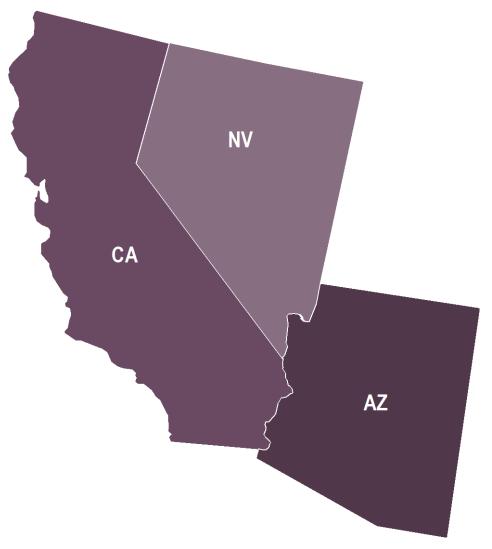
- prevention science,
- how to use epidemiological data to guide prevention planning, and
- selection and implementation of evidence-based and promising prevention practices.

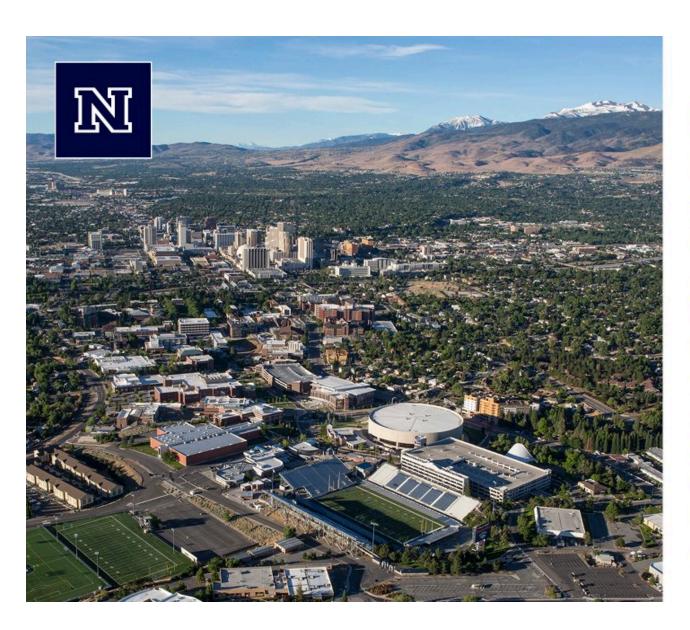
Develop tools and resources to engage the next generation of prevention professionals

Pacific Southwest









Land acknowledgement

We acknowledge that the University of Nevada, Reno is situated on the traditional homelands of the Numu (Northern Paiute), Wašiw (Washoe), Newe (Western Shoshone), Nuwu (Southern Paiute) peoples. These lands continue to be a gathering place for Indigenous Peoples and we recognize their deep connections to these places. We extend our appreciation for the opportunity to live and learn on their territory.

Housekeeping

- Meeting recording will pause during the discussion
- Webinar recording and materials
- Certificates of attendance



Mark your Calendars!*

Considering the Associations Between Substance Use and Suicide September 7, 2023

Please visit <u>pspttc.org</u> for registration and more information!

^{*}all times 3:00 Pacific, unless otherwise noted.

Presenter Bio



Alicia Sparks, PhD, MPH, is the Chair of the U.S. Alcohol Policy Alliance and a Senior Principal at Synergy Enterprises, where she serves as the Project Director for NIAAA's APIS contract, as well as SAMHSA's STOP Act contract. Dr. Sparks served as Project Director for CDC's alcohol advertising monitoring project, for which she directed a team of researchers in conducting analyses of Nielsen data to determine alcohol industry compliance with self-governed rules on advertising alcohol to youth audiences. She has more than 12 years of experience in alcohol policy research, including designing, implementing, and evaluating studies, programs, and policies. Dr. Sparks has led the development of numerous publications on alcohol policy, including the 2022 Implementing Community-Level Policies to Prevent Alcohol Misuse evidence-based resource guide and the 2016 Surgeon General's Report on Alcohol, Drugs, and Health. She has published more than 20 peer-reviewed manuscripts and has presented at more than a dozen conferences. She is co-chair of the Alcohol Policy conference series and serves on the Scientific Advisory Board of the Global Alcohol Policy Conference.

The Role of Prevention in Addressing Alcohol Use in the U.S. Military

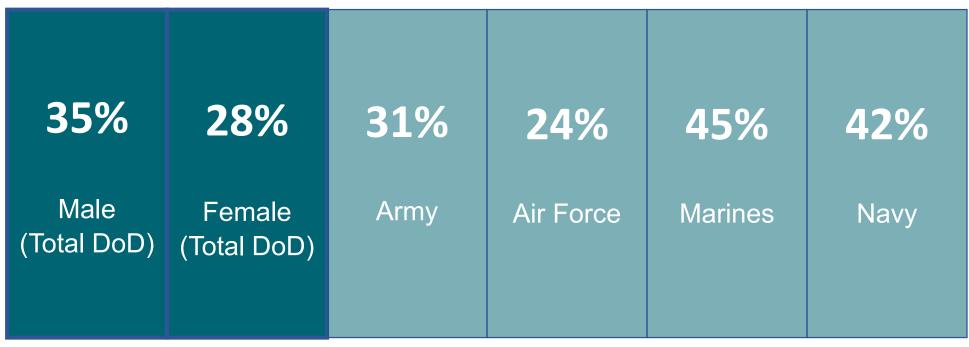
Alicia Sparks, PhD, MPH August 22, 2023 Synergy Enterprises, Inc. U.S. Alcohol Policy Alliance "...the single biggest issue we face with respect to the degradation of readiness due to misconduct is the irresponsible use of alcohol. The large majority of the [site reports/operations reports] I receive reporting incidents of domestic violence, sexual assault, vehicle/motorcycle mishaps etc. have alcohol abuse as a key contributing factor" -Naval Admiral, 2011

The Military has High Rates of Heavy and Underage Drinking

- 34% of military personnel across all branches reported binge drinking in 2018
 - > 66% of heavy drinkers are under the age of 25
 - 21.5% are under the age of 21

Alcohol Use is a Large Problem

Past 30-Day Binge Drinking* Rate By Gender And Military Service



^{*}Binge Drinking: Having 5 or more drinks for males and 4 or more for females on the same occasion

Young Military Personnel Drink More

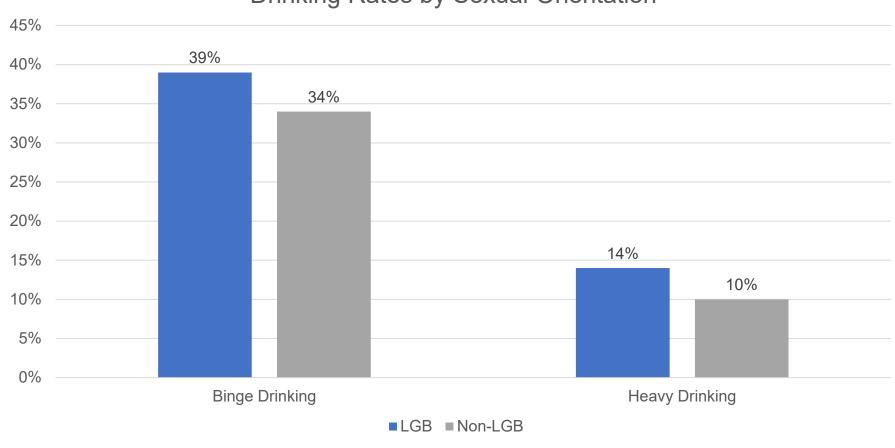
Heavy Alcohol Use* In Past 12 Months: Active-Duty Personnel			
17-24	25-34	34-44	45+
12%	9%	7%	5%

*Heavy Alcohol Use: More than 14 drinks per week on average for males, and more than 7 drinks per week on average for females in the past year



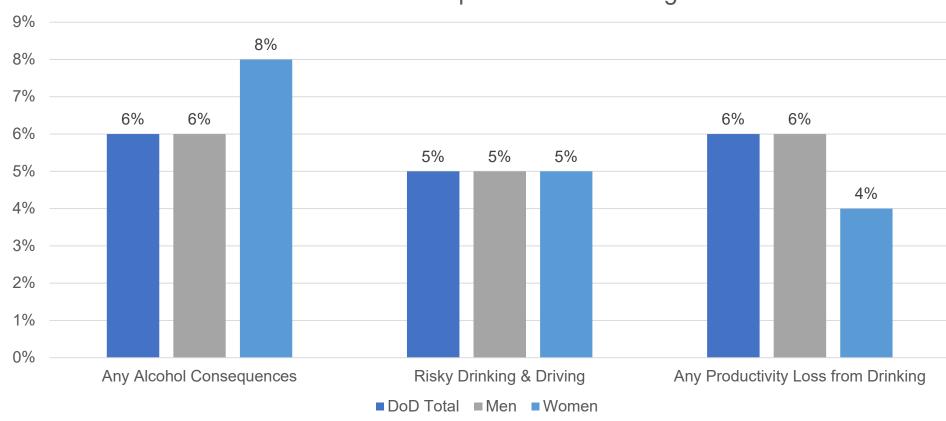
Sexual Orientation





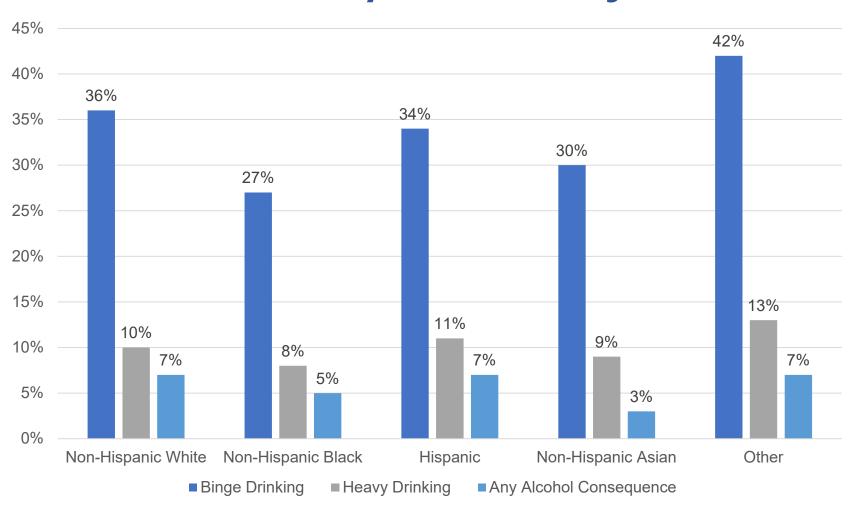
Consequences- Men & Women





(Meadows et al., 2018)

Consumption & Consequences by Race/Ethnicity



Military-Specific Risk Factors

- High levels of stress
- Deployment, particularly with combat
- Isolation time away from spouse/family
- Current military service
- Periods of freedom or free weekends
- Living with other peers and young adults

Military Alcohol Traditions

- Having only alcoholic beverages at official events
- Selling alcohol at deep discounts on installations
- Informal rules that expect recently promoted officers to buy "rounds and rounds of beer"
- Building camaraderie, bonding, and confidence
- Helping individuals cope with war-related stressors

Military-Specific Strengths

- Individuals dedicated to operational readiness
- Focus on health and fitness
- Strong health care system with potential for prevention
- Hierarchical system strong leader, strong potential
- Peer support



The Environment Matters

I go to this fort in Louisiana and it's like out in the woods. You take this road and all of a sudden there's like a little town and it's all bars. I think that's pretty much how it is in every place because, I mean, it's like a tradition. You know, the sailor goes out, been at sea for this many months, and he goes out and he gets drunk.

- 22 Year Old Sailor



Alcohol and the Military are Intertwined











BUD LIGHT SUDLIGHT BUD LIGHT BUD LIGHT SUDLIGHT SUDLIGHT

New and Novel Products

- Studies have shown that young people will have a brand preference before the age of 22
- Marketing and attractive flavors try to get young people to start drinking at a young age and to continue choosing their products

Product

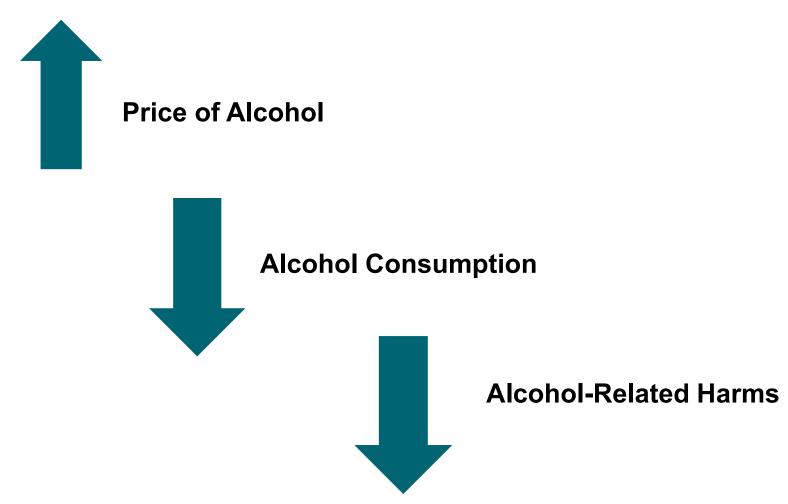






Price and Taxes

For the general population, heavy drinkers, and adolescents:

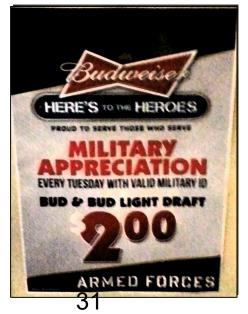


Price





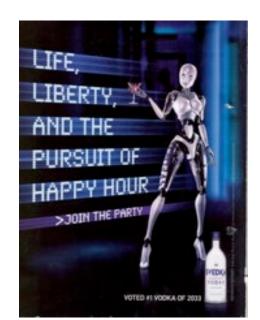




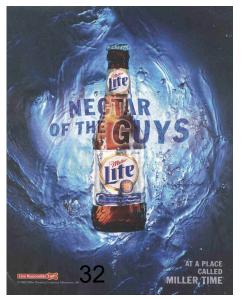
Risky Alcohol Promotions

- > Alcohol advertising is associated with:
 - Baseline and initiation of alcohol use
 - Initiation of binge drinking
 - Drinking in the past 30 days
 - Alcohol-related harms









Promotion

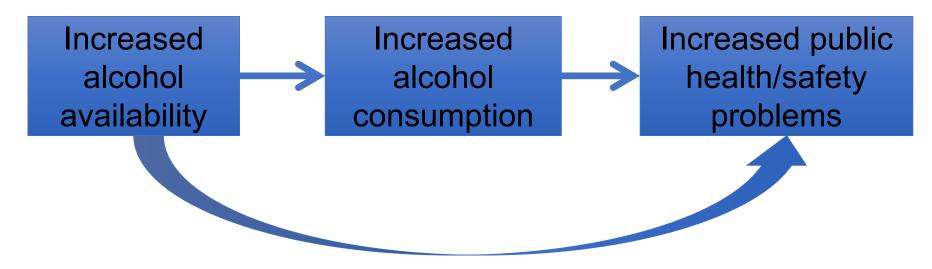








Commercial Availability









Alcohol Availability On/Near Installations



Military Commissaries Are Latest Battleground in Fight for Shelf Space



Alcohol in the Military Culture

28% of all service members agreed with at least one of the following statements about military culture being supportive of drinking:

- Finding it hard to fit in with one's command if they do not drink
- Belief that drinking is part of being in one's unit
- Belief that everyone is encouraged to drink at social events
- Belief that leaders are tolerant of drunkenness when personnel are off duty



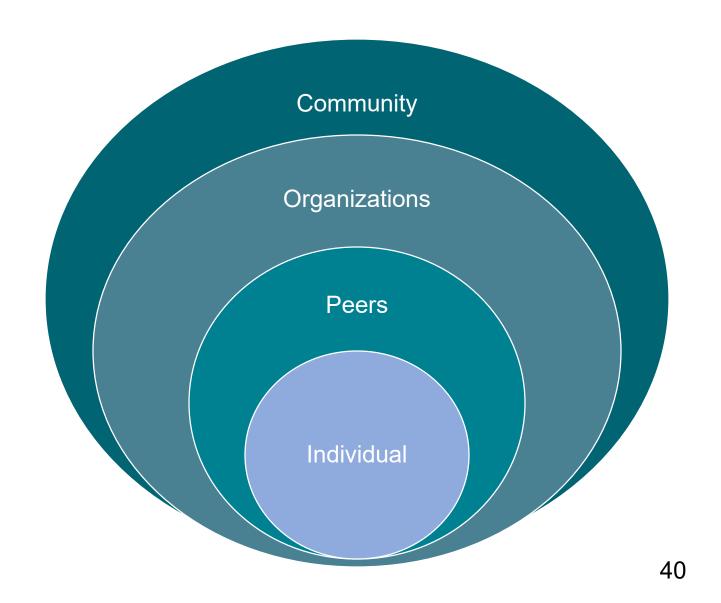
2012 IOM Report Recommendation

- Recommendation 1: DoD and the individual branches should implement a comprehensive set of evidence-based prevention programs
 - Population-based environmental prevention strategies
 - Including: consistent enforcement of regulations on underage drinking, reducing the number of alcohol outlets, and limiting the hours of operation of such outlets.

Similarities Between College & the Military

Colleges	Military
College students often live in shared dormitories and shared off- campus housing and engage in most of their activities together, including going to classes as well as university-structured extra- curricular activities.	Military personnel are constantly surrounded by other soldiers and leadership, including in the barracks and during training exercises.
Colleges structure (and can control) class schedules, academic calendars, and at least to some extent, extra-curricular activities.	The military structures a soldier's day, with drills, physical excursions, briefings, and other activities.
Classes and other activities are oriented to academic success and graduation.	Drills and skills training, as well as bonding activities, are oriented to combat readiness or military strategy.
Students at a college become alumni for life, with an attendant identity and sub-identities, including dormitory or residential affiliations, sports teams or clubs, fraternities or sororities, etc.	Developing a shared identity is a fundamental tenet of basic training, which stresses the importance of camaraderie and "brotherhood" for safety and military success. Sub-affiliations are also developed with one's unit or service.

Socio-Ecological Model



Risk Factors

Level of SEM	College	Military
Community	Cheap alcohol on/near campus	Cheap alcohol on/near installation
Community	Targeted advertising	Targeted advertising
Organizational	Drinking "weekends"	Drinking "weekends"
Organizational	Illegal consumption in dorms	Illegal consumption in barracks
Organizational	Rituals and rites of passage	Rituals and rites of passage
Organizational	Bonding	Bonding
Organizational	"Work Hard, Play Hard" Culture	"Work Hard, Play Hard" Culture
Peer	Athletics, Greek life	Unit or Branch identity
Peer	Social Norms	Social Norms
Individual	Stress, genetics, sensation- seeking, masculinity	Combat, stress, trauma, PTSD, genetics, sensation-seeking, masculinity
Individual	Age (18-24)	Age (18-24)

Evidence-Based College Interventions

- > Form campus-community coalitions
- Enforce existing alcohol laws
- Reduce alcohol outlet density
- Address alcohol price and promotion
- Reduce social availability of alcohol
- Screening and Brief Intervention

College vs. Military Interventions

College Interventions	Military Interventions
Form campus-community coalitions	Drug Detection Policies
Enforce existing alcohol laws	Deglamorization Efforts
Reduce alcohol outlet density	Media and Social Norms Campaigns
Address alcohol price and promotion	
Reduce social availability of alcohol	
Screening and Brief Intervention	Screening and Brief Intervention







Implications for Public Health Practice

- Screening, Brief Intervention, Referral to Treatment (SBIRT)
- Reducing alcohol outlet density
- Increasing the price of alcohol
- Changing sales and service practices
- Increasing enforcement

Intervention Implementation

> The role of the military in alcohol policy

The role of community coalitions in alcohol policy



Making Military Connections



Installation drug & alcohol services



Installation command



Family Centers/Family Readiness Groups



Military-affiliated community organizations



Community locations with military presence

- Faith organizations
- Schools
- Sports



Breakouts

- Have you done work with the military population in your community?
 - If so, how did you engage with them? What was successful? What barriers did you face?
 - If not, why not?
- What are some strategies to working with the military that you can try?

Report Out

- What ideas did you hear?
- What are some strategies your organization may employ?
- Other thoughts?

Post-Webinar Feedback

Please click on the link in the chat to complete a very brief online feedback form!

Thank you!



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Thank You!



