Southeast (HHS Region 4)

Prevention Technology Transfer Center Network Funded by Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Workforce Development Series 2024 Communications Strategies and Essentials for the Prevention Workforce Part 2

January 23, 2024 Presented by

Stephanie Strutner

Catalyst Evaluation Group



Carlton Hall

Carlton Hall Consulting





Southeast (HHS Region 4)

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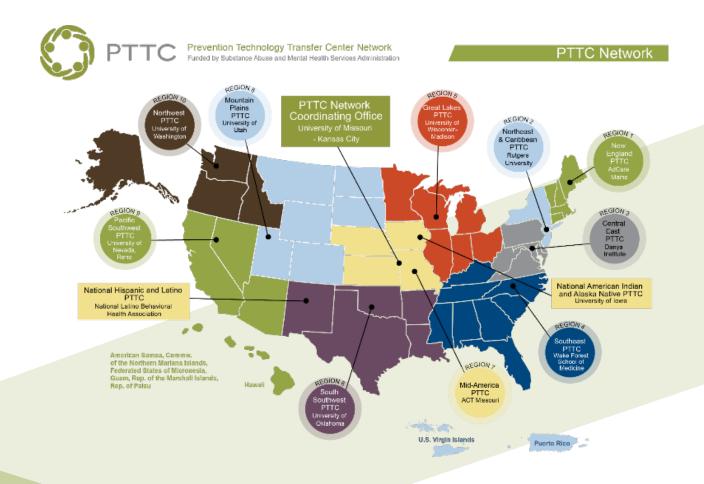
Disclaimer

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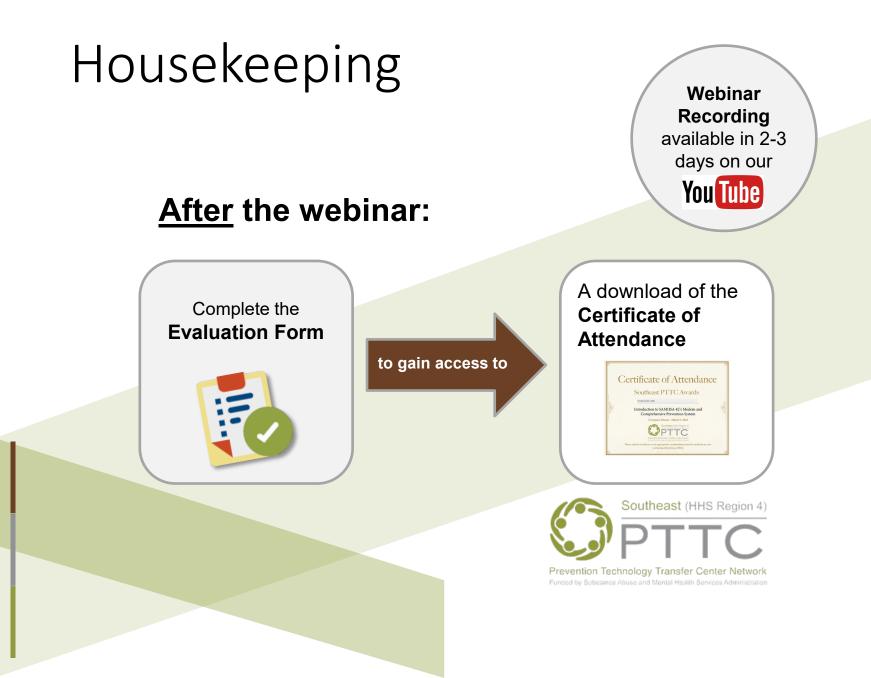
The use of affirming language inspires hope. LANGUAGE MATTERS. WORDS have power. PEOPLE FIRST.

The PTTC Network uses affirming language to promote the application of evidence-based and culturally informed practices.



<u>Co-Directors</u> Kimberly Wagoner, DrPH, MPH and Mark Wolfson, PhD







Upcoming Events

Promoting Prevention by Understanding the Who, What, and Why of **Psychostimulant Use**

Wed., January 24

Practical Skills in Prevention: Making the Magic Happen in a Meeting

Wed., February 28

Feb 5-9, 2024

Advancing Health Equity Through the SPF, with Region 3 and SPTAC – A Lunch & Learn

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Prevention Tecl

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Today's Presenters

Communications Strategies and Essentials for the Prevention Workforce

Southeast PTTC Workforce Development Series

STEPHANIE STRUTNER, MPH, CPSII



Prevention Specialist Job Analysis

PERFORMANCE DOMAINS

- 1. Planning and Evaluation
- 2. Prevention Education and Service Delivery
- 3. Communication
- 4. Community Organization
- 5. Public Policy and Environmental Change
- 6. Professional Growth and Responsibility



Domain 3

COMMUNICATIONS-ASSOCIATED TASKS

- 1. Promote programs, services, activities, and maintain good public relations.
- 2. Participate in public awareness campaigns and projects relating to health promotion across the continuum of care.
- 3. Identify marketing techniques for prevention programs.
- 4. Apply principles of effective listening.
- 5. Apply principles of public speaking.
- 6. Employ effective facilitation skills.
- 7. Communicate effectively with various audiences.
- 8. Demonstrate interpersonal communication competency.



Source: IC&RC <u>www.internationalcredentialing.org</u>



Session 2

Workforce Development Series-Communications



Communications Strategies and Essentials for the Prevention Workforce

OBJECTIVES

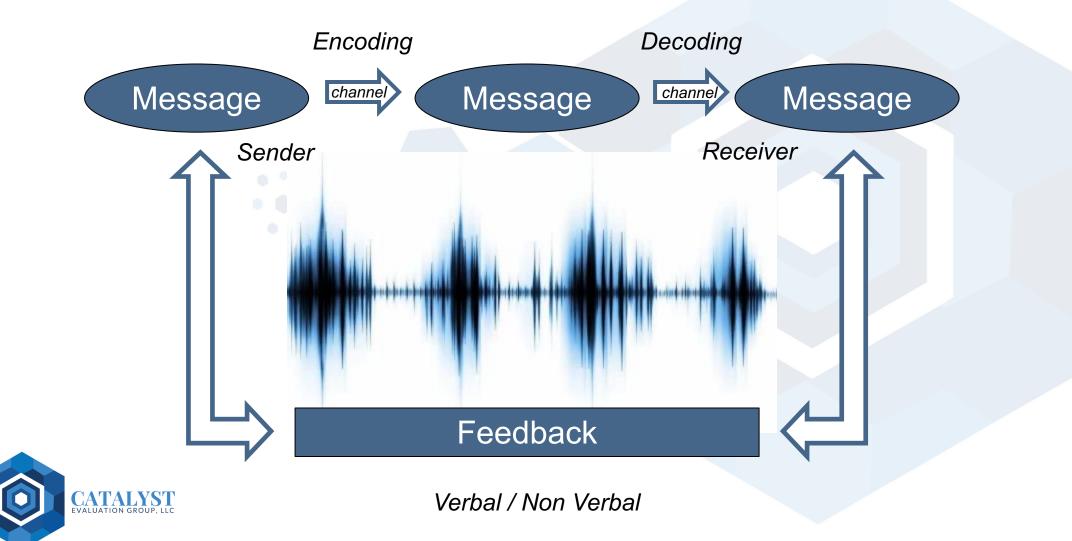
- 4. Discuss the importance of interpersonal communication and apply principles of active listening
- 5. Hone skills in public speaking
- 6. Discuss interpersonal and group communication techniques
- 7. Identify how coalitions can plan for effective communication across their strategic plans

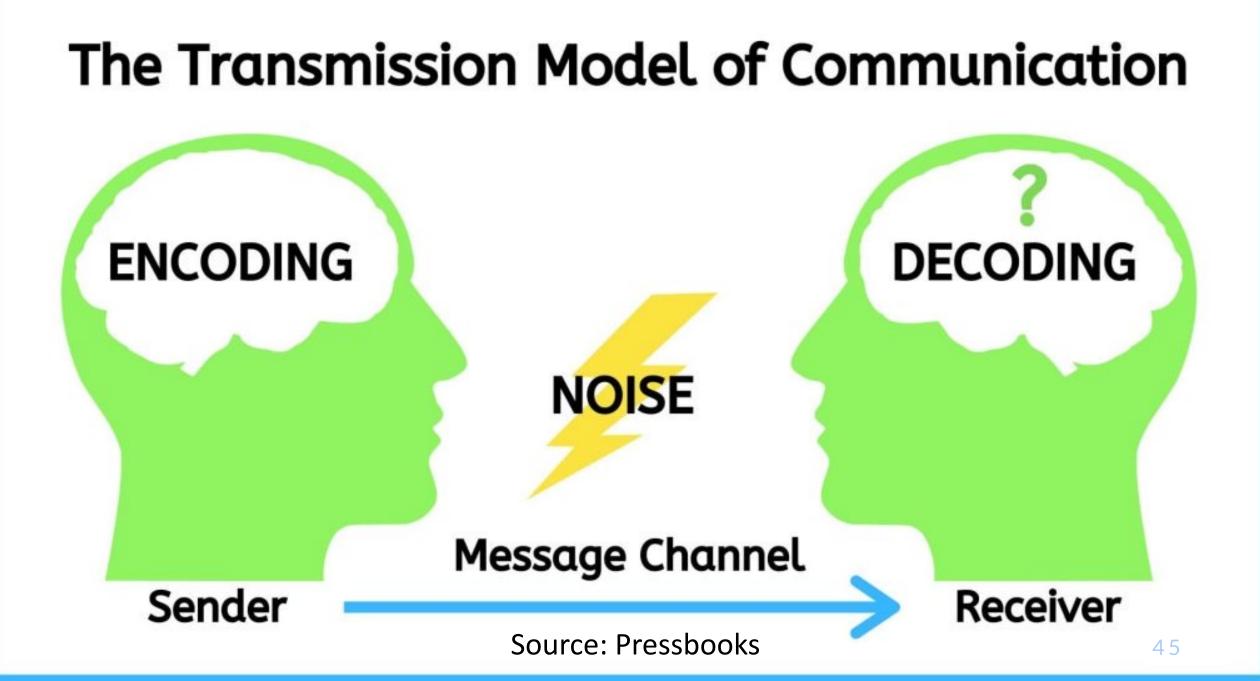


DISCUSS THE IMPORTANCE OF INTERPERSONAL COMMUNICATION AND APPLY PRINCIPLES OF ACTIVE LISTENING

Objective 4

Communication Channels





Chatbox Activity

IDENTIFY NOISE

- 1) Identify potential **noise** related to our communication interaction today.
- 2) Identify potential **solutions** to address the noise.



Effective Listening

TWO ASPECTS OF EFFECTIVE LISTENING

- 1. Being an active listener
- 2. Creating an environment for target audience conducive to listening



Are listening and hearing the same thing?





Listening vs Hearing

Hearing

- The physiological process of registering sound waves as they hit the eardrum
- We have no control over what we hear
- The sounds we hear have no meaning until we give them content

Listening

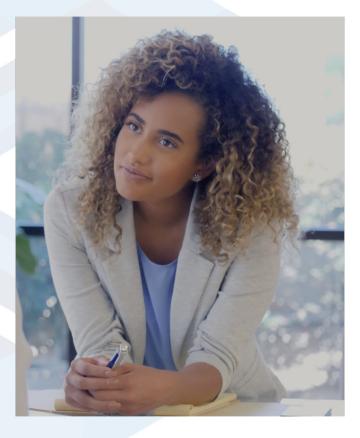
- Active process
- Constructs meaning from verbal and non-verbal messages



Active Listening

NOTES

Requires the listener to understand, interpret, and evaluate what they hear
Understanding the information being communicated
AND understanding how the speaker feels about what they're communicating – ensuring the speaker feels heard and understood







Activity

HEARING ACTIVITY

Step 1:

• Select a speaker (speak on any topic for 60 seconds)

Step 2:

- Listeners do the opposite of active listening
 - Show distraction
 - Do not maintain eye contact
 - Show little to no non-verbal communication



Activity

ACTIVE LISTENING ACTIVITY

Step 1:

• Select a speaker (speak on any topic for 60 seconds)

Step 2:

• Listeners practice active listening



Establish a conducive environment for effective communication

CONSIDER

- •Sights and sounds
- •Temperature
- •Décor/setting
- Physical comfort
- •Time of day/week
- Physiological factors (hunger, fatigue, pain, illness)



HONE SKILLS IN PUBLIC SPEAKING

Objective 5

Public Speaking

TIPS

- Plan appropriately
- Practice
- •Engage your audience
- Pay attention to body language
- •Think positively
- •Cope with your nerves
- •Watch recordings of yourself speaking
- •Slow down
- •Use visual aids





Public Speaking

UP YOUR GAME

Nervousness is normal.

- Practice and prepare
- Don't associate adrenaline reactions with negativity
- Record yourself speaking and identify filler words
 - Work to eliminate those from your vocabulary whether you are presenting or not

Know your audience.

- Meet your avatar where they are
- Read your audience and adapt
- Be yourself



Public Speaking

MAKE IT COMFORTABLE

- Let your personality come through
- Use humor, tell stories, connect and engage
- Don't read your slides
- Use nonverbal communication effectively
- Grab attention at the beginning
- Close with a dynamic ending (summarizing what you said)
- Use A/V wisely



DISCUSS INTERPERSONAL AND GROUP COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUES

Objective 6

Communication

Group

Exchange among three or more Involves a large number More formal and structured Involves teams, collaboratives Focuses on achieving common goals, solving problems, making decisions

Meetings, conferences, group dialogue



Interpersonal

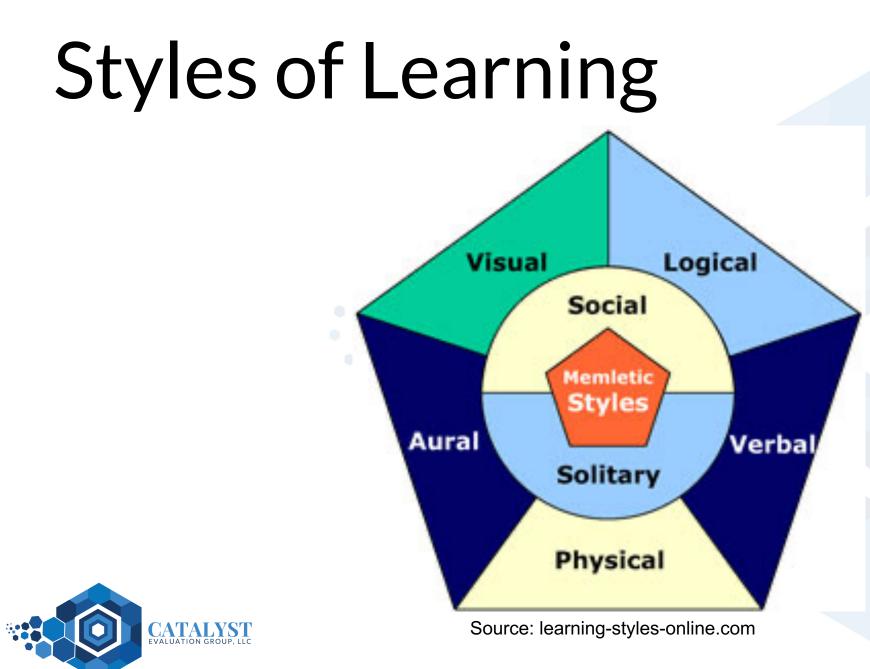
Exchange between two or a few Limited to a small number Intimate and personal Direct and immediate Allows for deep understanding Focused on building/maintaining relationships Face-to-face conversation, phone calls, texts, direct communication

Facilitation Techniques

GROUP

- Establish a welcoming and positive environment
- Begin with an icebreaker or warm-up activity to build connection
- Follow a structured agenda and ensure alignment with group goals
- Engage in active listening and validate input
- Encourage participation from everyone (balance participation)
- Manage group dynamics and address conflict and dominant personalities
- Foster collaboration





Styles of Learning

DEFINED

•Visual (spatial): You prefer using pictures, images

- •Aural (auditory): You prefer using sound
- •Verbal (linguistic): You prefer using words (speech and writing)
- •Physical (kinesthetic): You prefer using your body, hands, sense of touch
- •Logical (mathematical): You prefer using logic, reasoning and systems
- •Social (interpersonal): You prefer to learn in groups
- •Solitary (intrapersonal): You prefer to work alone and use self-study



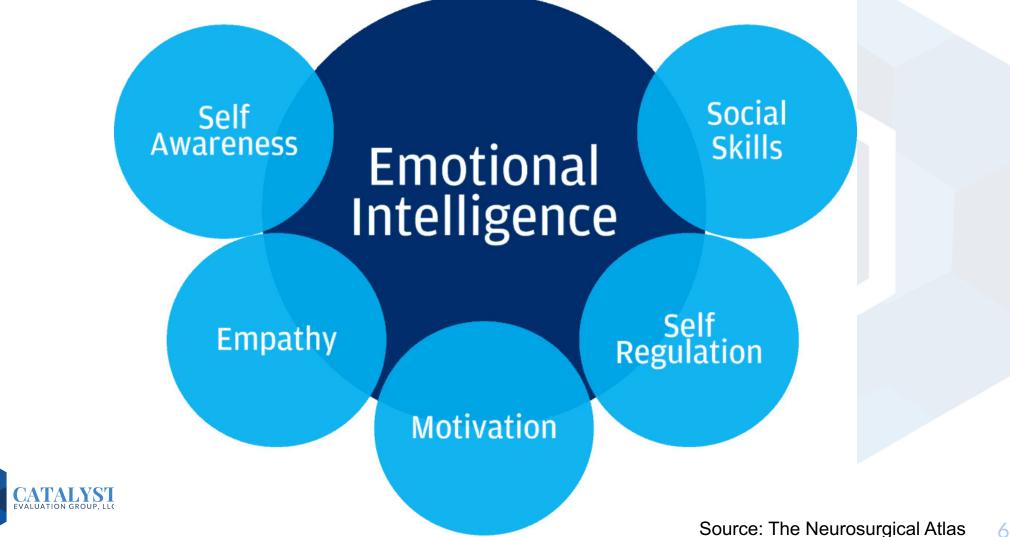
Facilitation Techniques

INTERPERSONAL

- Build rapport and trust in a supportive environment
- Actively listen and provide active feedback
- Be clear and concise
- Encourage open dialogue
- Use nonverbal communication effectively
- Show empathy and understanding
- Address and resolve conflict
- Be flexible and adaptable to feedback
- Apply emotional intelligence
- Set boundaries



Emotional Intelligence



65

Being an Effective Facilitator

TIPS

Understand goals
Keep to the agenda
Involve/engage every participants
Facilitate decisions in a democratic process
Plan the process
Establish an effective climate
Consider logistics and room arrangements

Source: Community Toolbox, ctb.ku.edu



Establish an Effective Climate

SET GROUND RULES

Allow group to determine ground rules if time allows. Ground rules to consider:

- One person at a time
- Raise your hand
- Listen to others
- No mocking or attacking
- Be on time

CATALYST

- Respect each other
- Limit cell phone use

Facilitating an Effective Meeting

TIPS

Plan appropriately and completelyAnticipate and prevent disruptions

Source: Community Toolbox, ctb.ku.edu



SHOULI EMAR

Conflict Management

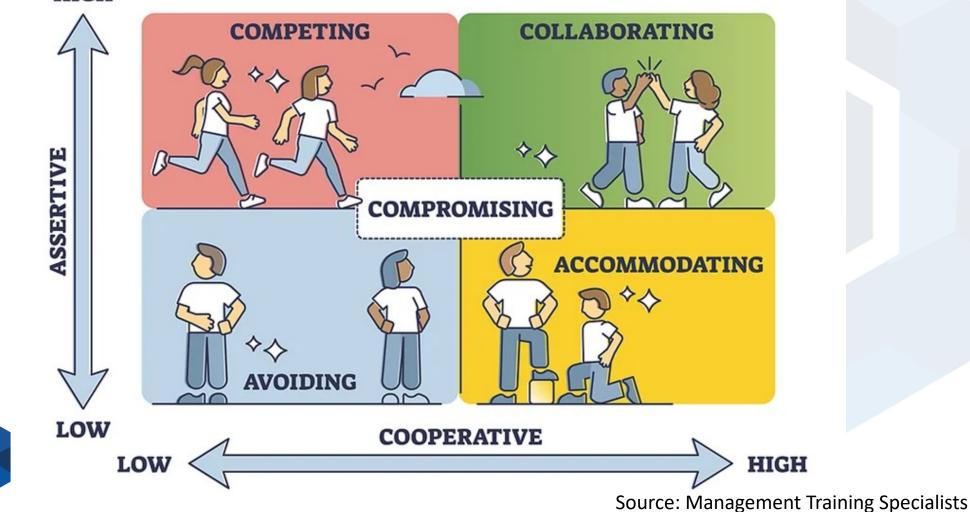


Maintaining the relationship is important

Source: Joanne Law, Mediation Institute, Australia

Conflict Management

HIGH



70

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The purpose of the Prevention Technology Transfer Center (PTTC) Network is to improve implementation and delivery of effective substance abuse prevention interventions, and provide training and technical assistance services to the substance abuse prevention field.

Address for the listserv is https://lp.constantcontactpages.com/su/OalT5aj/SignUp



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