The Seven Vital Conditions for Health and Well Being: A Framework for Community Action in Skagit County

Chris Kelleher Jennifer Johnson









TTC Purpose



The ATTC Network is an international, multidisciplinary resource for professionals in the addictions treatment and recovery services field. Comprised of 10 Domestic Regional Centers, 6 International HIV Centers (funded by PEPFAR), 2 National Focus Area Centers, and a Network Coordinating Office, the ATTC Network works collaboratively to unify science, education and service to transform lives.



The MHTTC Network, with 10 Regional Centers, 2 National Focus Area Centers, and a Network Coordinating Office, develops and disseminates resources, and provides training and technical assistance, to accelerate the implementation of mental health related evidence-based practices.



The PTTC Network develops and disseminates tools and strategies needed to improve the quality of substance abuse prevention efforts. Comprised of 10 Regional Centers, 2 National Focus Area Centers, and a Network Coordinating Office, the PTTC Network leverages expertise and resources to engage the next generation of prevention professionals.

Land Acknowledgement



We acknowledge that we are all on the traditional lands of different peoples. I live and work on the ancestral lands of the Costal Salish People and the Snoqualmie Tribe.

We have a responsibility to acknowledge our Indigenous connections and the histories of Indigenous land dispossession.

To identify the stewards of your land, type your location into https://native-land.ca/

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The Vital Conditions of Health & Well-Being

February 7, 2024
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The Social Determinants of Health Strengths and Limitations

Well-being has two dimensions

Personal Well-Being

The individual-level factors that affect how we think, feel, and function



Community Well-Being

The qualities of the place we live, which influence whether we're able to lead our best possible life

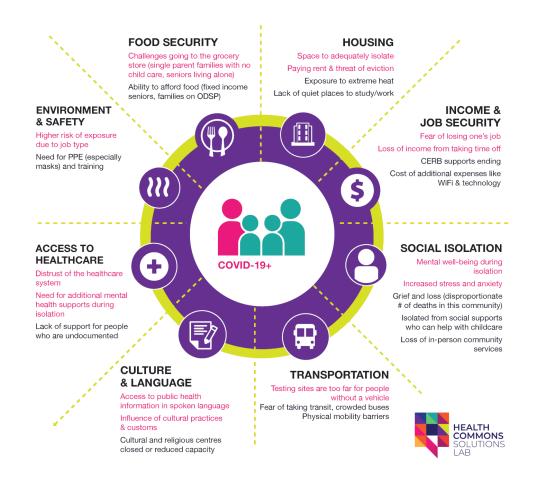






For more than thirty years, we've been working to make progress on the social determinants of health.

But broad interest among people "in the field" has not translated into powerful and sustained large-scale action.







After three decades, the concept has not gained any traction in the general population.

It's an insider term, used only by specialists.

To make matters worse, potential allies in non-health fields often feel alienated by the explicit emphasis on "health."







The final, and most serious problem, is that there is no consensus about how exactly to *define* the social determinants.







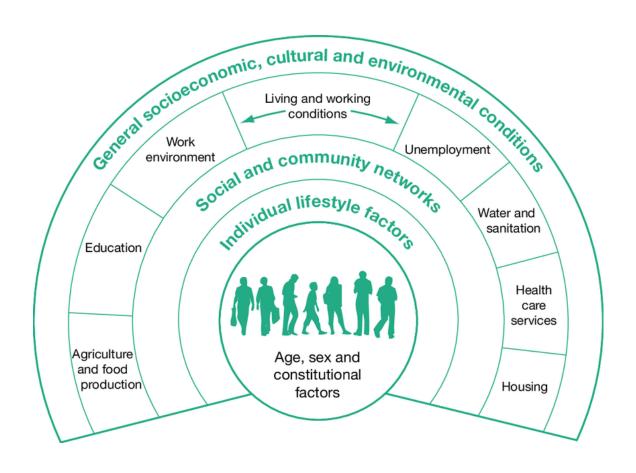
Sometimes there are a small number of determinants







Sometimes there are more . . .







Sometimes they're arranged into complex, multi-level structures . . .



And sometimes complex shapes . . .







Sometimes they're a mixed bag of . . .

- positive things (literacy, parks)
- negative things (hunger, stress)
- neutral things (language, zip code)
- and vague things (health status)

Social Determinants of Health

Economic Stability	Neighborhood and Physical Environment	Education	Food	Community and Social Context	Health Care System
Employment Income Expenses Debt Medical bills Support	Housing Transportation Safety Parks Playgrounds Walkability Zip code / geography	Literacy Language Early childhood education Vocational training Higher education	Hunger Access to healthy options	Social integration Support systems Community engagement Discrimination Stress	Health coverage Provider availability Provider linguistic and cultural competency Quality of care

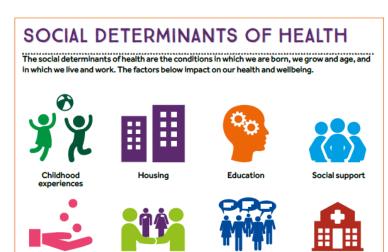
Health Outcomes

Mortality, Morbidity, Life Expectancy, Health Care Expenditures, Health Status, Functional Limitations









Our communities

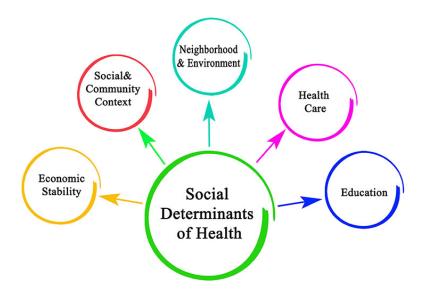
Access to health

Employment

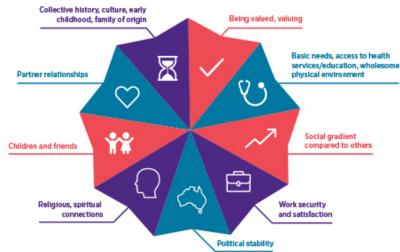
Family income

Source: NHS Health Scotland

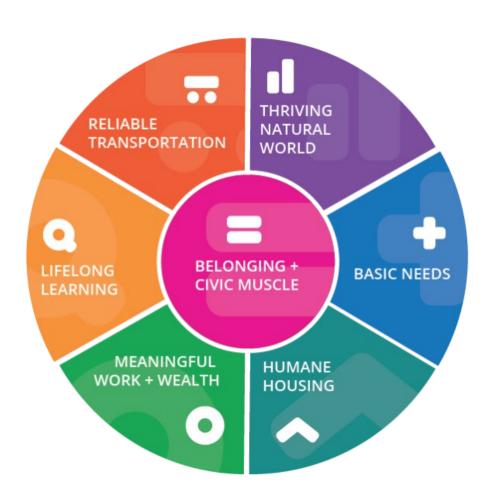
When there's this much disagreement on basic definitions . . . it's very hard to orchestrate effective action at scale











The Vital Conditions framework gives us a way to take *coordinated action* on the community factors that enable people to lead thriving lives.

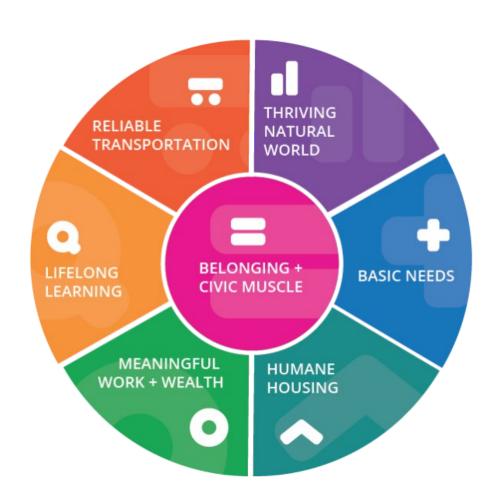
The seven conditions are rooted in commonly held values – and can be described in plain language.

They're also interdependent. Progress on one vital condition naturally drives progress on others.

That makes it easier to develop solutions that address multiple problems at once.











Technology Transfer Centers

Funded by Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration



Belonging & Civic Muscle



Belonging & Civic Muscle is at the center because it is both a vital condition and a practical capacity that is necessary for success in every other kind of work

Belonging means that everyone is treated with dignity and respect

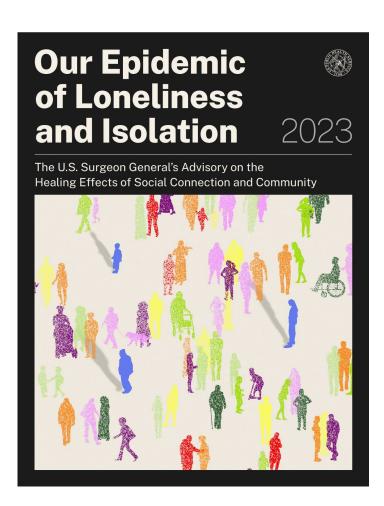
The vision is that . . .

- People have healthy attachments to family, friends, and the community.
- People feel valued for who they are and what they bring.
- People don't suffer from social or economic isolation.
- We develop conditions that enable people to lead their best possible lives.





Belonging & Civic Muscle



Dr. Vivek H. Murthy, US Surgeon General (2023)

"The mortality impact of being socially disconnected is similar to that caused by smoking up to 15 cigarettes a day."

"[T]he harmful consequences of a society that lacks social connection can be felt in our schools, workplaces, and civic organizations . . ."

"[If we fail to grow belonging], we will continue to splinter and divide until we can no longer stand as a community or a country. Instead of coming together to take on the great challenges before us, we will further retreat to our corners—angry, sick, and alone."





Belonging & Civic Muscle



Belonging & Civic Muscle is at the center because it is both a vital condition and a practical capacity that is necessary for success in every other kind of work

Civic Muscle is the ability of a community to solve difficult problems together

The core principles are to . . .

- Prioritize long-term benefit not short-term gain
- Look for common ground instead of concentrating on areas of disagreement
- Seek constructive solutions and avoid destructive conflict
- Build on each other's strengths instead of operating in siloes and duplicating resources

When Vital Conditions falter, fewer people are able to thrive

People are more likely to fall into crisis, which drives mounting demand for urgent services





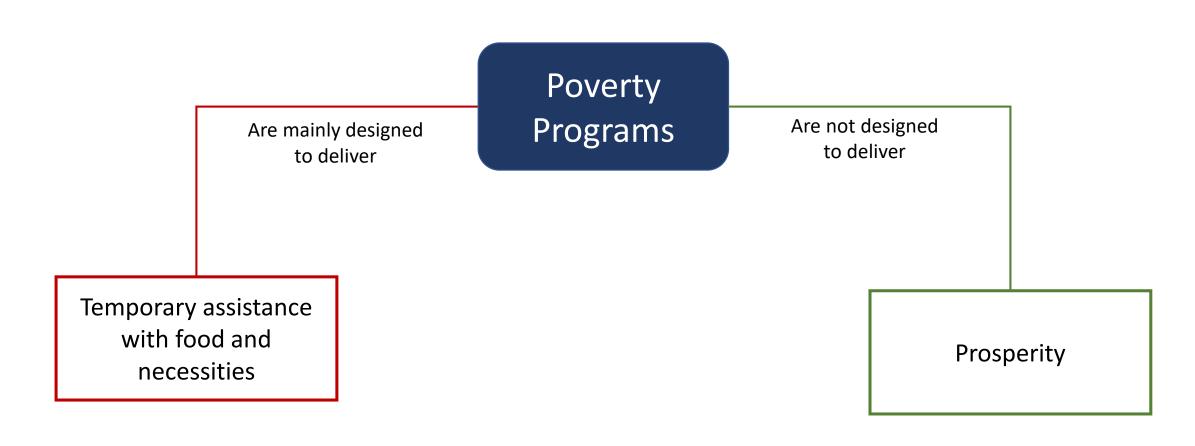
Urgent services are crucial for addressing crisis and severe distress



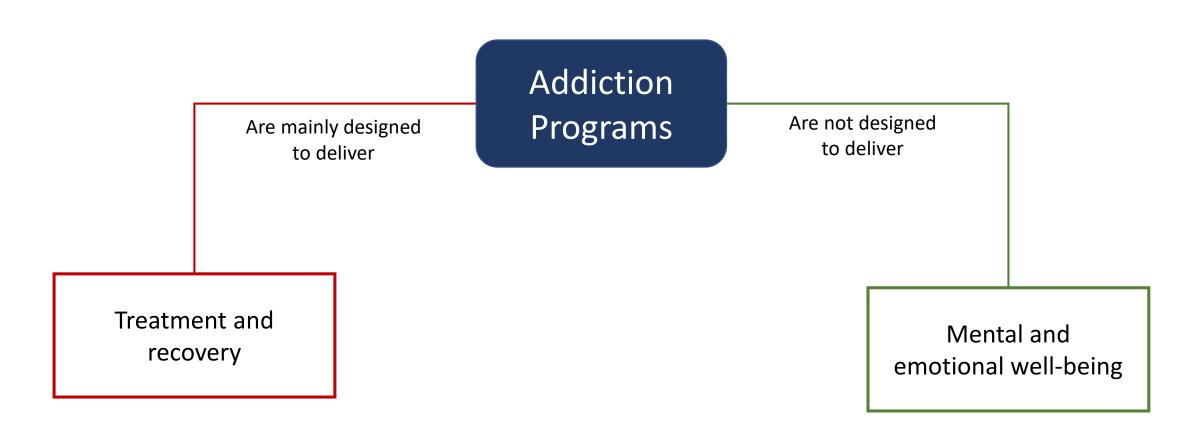
But we can't "urgent services" our way to thriving





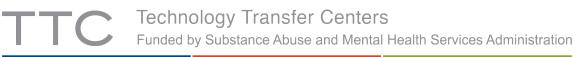


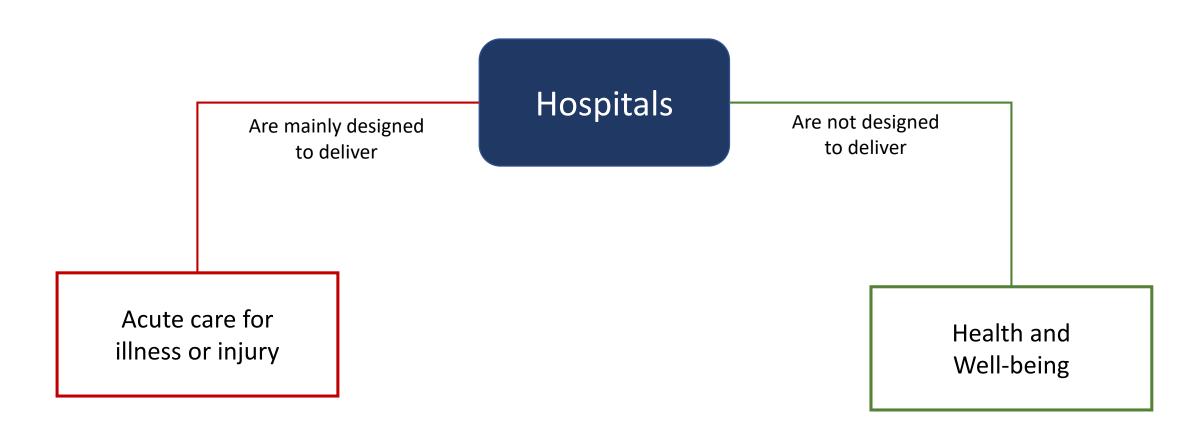




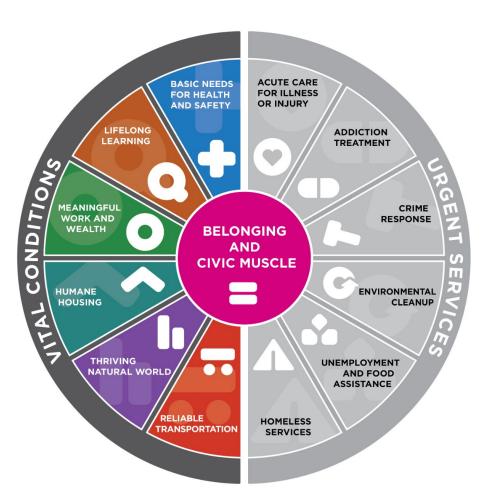












The big-picture challenge is to achieve a better balance between vital conditions and urgent services

- Make our urgent services cohesive and effective
- Steadily build up the conditions that are essential for everyone to thrive

It's too big a challenge for anyone to succeed alone

And it begins with building up belonging and civic muscle

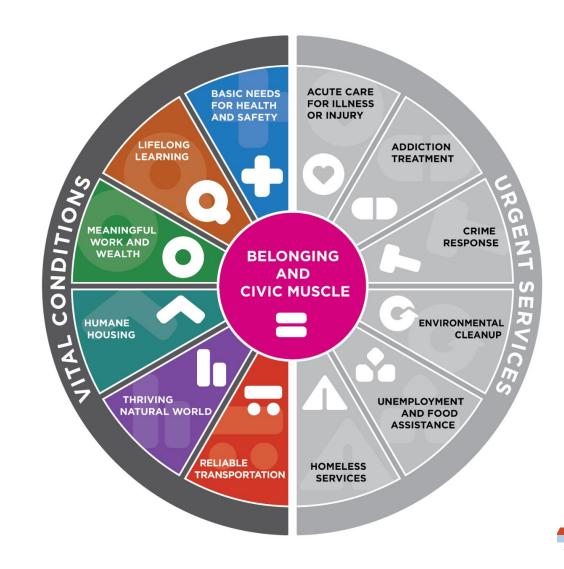




We need to change the system itself.

The problem is . . . most efforts at system change end in failure

- They tend to be transactional and formuladriven (they invite gaming)
- They tend to be too top-down (they fail to establish true mutual interest)
- They tend to focus on isolated projects (they don't change the system – they lay on top of the system)







Federal Action



The Vital Conditions framework has been gaining wide adoption across the county.





Plan for Federal Action on the Vital Conditions

2020 **Non-government Springboard**

Landscape analysis and proposals from more than 100 contributors

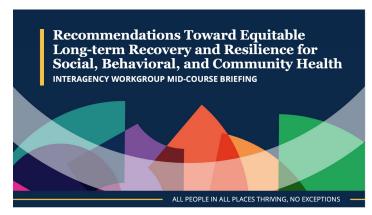


Movement to Strengthen The Vital Conditions

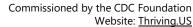
Nationwide

2022 **Federal Plan**

Informs federal programs, policies, and resources that give communities flexibility to tailor solutions to local needs



https://health.gov/our-work/national-health-initiatives/equitablelong-term-recovery-and-resilience







Plan for Federal Action on the Vital Conditions



The Federal Plan for Equitable Long-Term Recovery and Resilience (ELTRR)

Released in November 2022

It uses the Vital Conditions as its organizing framework





Collaboration between 40+ Federal Departments, Agencies, and Institutions, including . .

- Department of Health & Human Services
 - CMS
 - CDC
 - HRSA
 - SAMHSA
 - Indian Health Service
- Department of Agriculture
- Department of Commerce
- Department of Education

- Department of Homeland Security
- Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Department of the Interior
- Department of Transportation
- Environmental Protection Agency
- Small Business Administration
- National Endowment for the Arts
- National Endowment for the Humanities
- Two Federal Reserve Banks





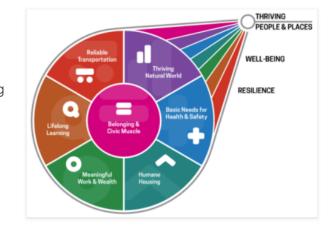
National Health Initiatives Equitable Long-Term Recovery and Resilience Overview and Purpose Framework Belonging and Civic Muscle Thriving Natural World Basic Needs for Health and Safety Humane Housing Meaningful Work and Wealth Lifelong Learning Reliable Transportation

Equitable Long-Term Recovery and Resilience

All people and places thriving, no exceptions

The Federal Plan for Equitable Long-Term Recovery and Resilience (Federal Plan for ELTRR) lays out an approach for federal agencies to cooperatively strengthen the vital conditions necessary for improving individual and community resilience and well-being nationwide.

While the Federal Plan for ELTRR is presented on health.gov, it is inclusive of health and non-health sectors and was developed by a large Interagency Workgroup made up of representatives from across



the federal government. The Plan is intended to be an inclusive, government-wide approach that leverages the breadth of federal resources — within existing authority for steady-state use — in a synchronized manner to equitably achieve enhanced resilience.





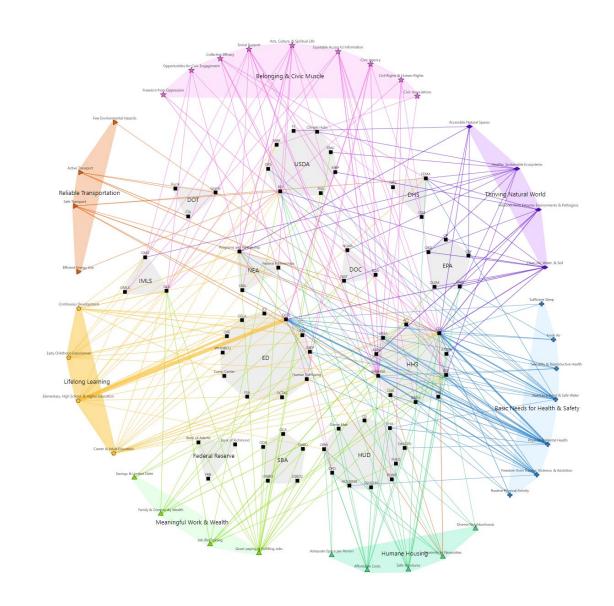
78 Proposed Recommendations		
10 Cross-Cutting Recommendations for actions that transcend the vital conditions	Vital Conditions	Recommendations specific to that vital condition
	Belonging & Civic Muscle	8
	Thriving Natural World	10
	Basic Needs for Health & Safety	17
	Humane Housing	9
	Meaningful Work & Wealth	12
	Lifelong Learning	6
	Reliable Transportation	6



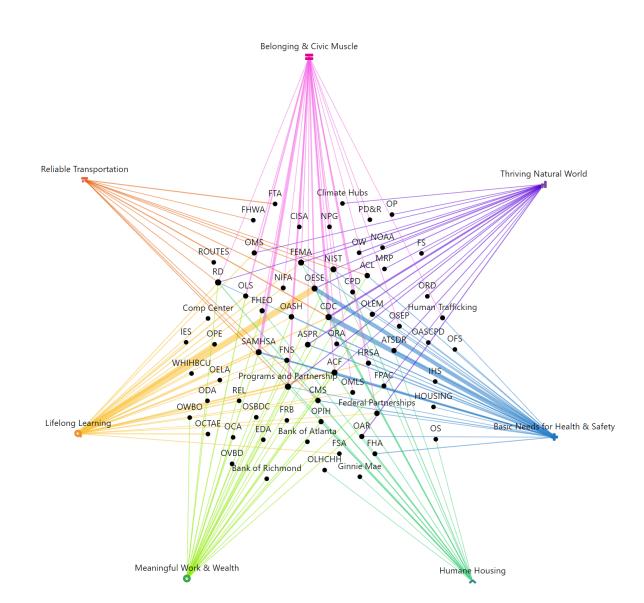
Multi-Solver Recommendations

Multi-solvers are recommendations in which a change grounded in one vital condition strengthens five or more vital conditions. Thus, these recommendations may suggest areas to prioritize due to the potential to impact multiple vital conditions through one action. The Plan's 12 multi-solver recommendations are presented below, denoted with a distinguishing icon. Vital condition symbols indicate the recommendation strengthens that vital condition.

Federal agencies
have begun an
intensive effort to
map their activities
to the Vital
Conditions



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Regional Examples

ThedaCare Health System (Rural Wisconsin)



Community Health Improvement Plan 2020-2022

Two Strategies

- Invest in Vital Conditions that foster health and well-being of the collective community
- 2. Deliver Urgent Services to address the immediate needs of those in crisis

"As communities invest more in Vital Conditions, the expectation is that need for Urgent Services declines. Belonging/Civic Muscle is the glue that engages community in fostering a culture of heath and meeting local needs."





ThedaCare Health System (Rural Wisconsin)



The Implementation Plan: An Ecosystem of Action

"It may be desirable to think of the plan that follows as more of an action ecosystem . . . that collectively builds the vital conditions that foster health and provides the services that lift up those with greatest need."

Goal 2

Youth and adults have support needed to lead mentally healthy lives, free of reliance on harmful substances



Vital Conditions addressed: Social Connection/Belonging and Basic Needs
Urgent Services addressed: Acute Care for Illness or Injury and Addiction and Recovery Services

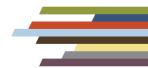
Goal 3

The most vulnerable populations within ThedaCare service area have the opportunity to achieve optimal health and wellbeing



Vital Conditions Addressed: Basic Needs, Meaningful Work/Wealth, Humane Housing, Lifelong Learning,
Reliable Transportation, Belonging and Civic Muscle





Healthy Communities Delaware

Portfolio Development

Healthy Communities
Delaware convened
stakeholders from
throughout the state to
begin developing a statewide investment portfolio
that balances the vital
conditions and urgent
services



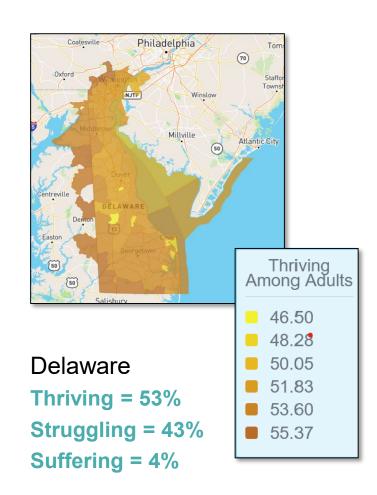




Healthy Communities Delaware

Portfolio Development

Data on the Vital
Conditions is combined
with more traditional
metrics to develop
strategies and measure
progress



Burden of Disease







Inland Empire Health Plan (California)

2022 Inland Empire

Community Health Assessment

"Rather than focusing only on the urgent conditions and services related to these threats, we want to focus on the vital conditions our communities need to achieve vibrant health."

Data Collection and Review

Reviewed data on avoidable ED visits, key informants, listening sessions, PQIs, Z codes, IP3 | Assess platform, needs assessments

Virtual Polls

Used five questions to rank 10 burden of disease areas and seven vital conditions

Priority & Population Selection

Selected top three burden of disease areas, top three vital conditions and key populations for equity focus



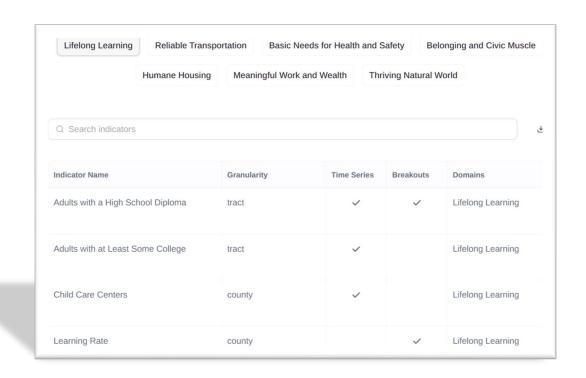


Measurement

Can we measure progress on the Vital Conditions?

Yes. And we do.

For example, <u>The Institute for People, Place</u>, <u>and Possibility (IP3)</u> works with communities to track up to 75 indicators that compare local data against national benchmarks







And there are established methods for measuring individual and community well-being over time





The 'Cantril's Ladder' self-anchoring measure has been used and studied since 1965.

It's been administered tens of millions of times – including Gallup's multi-decade survey of well-being in 150 counties.

It measures how people feel about their lives by asking two simple questions

- The first question asks people to rate their lives on a ladder
 - Where the bottom in their worst possible life (0)
 - And the top is their best possible life (10)
- The second question asks them to rate where they think they will be on the ladder in 5 years





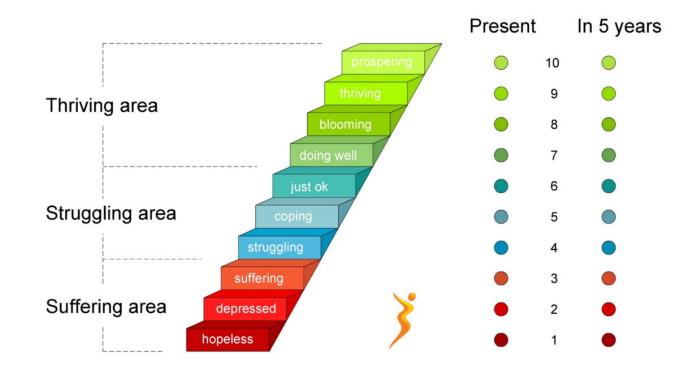


Cantril's Ladder

A score of 7+ means that a person is thriving

A score of 4-7 means that a person is struggling

A score of under 4 means that a person is suffering

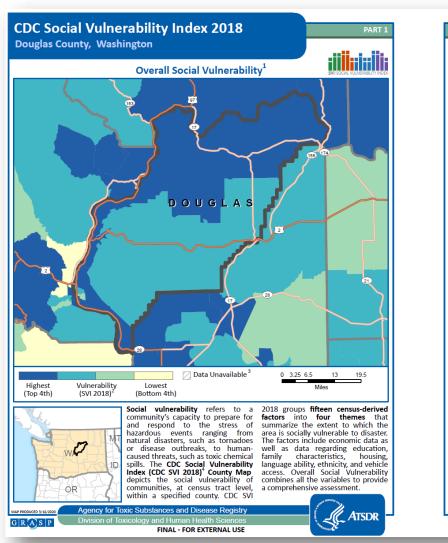


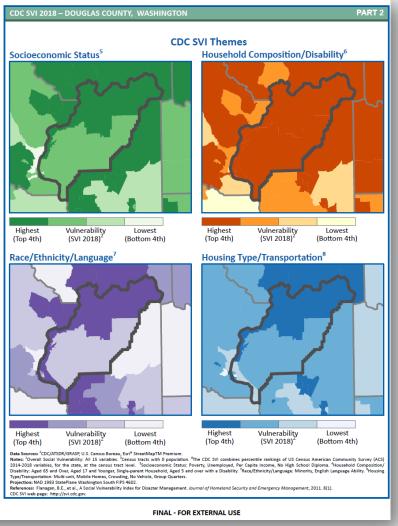




Community
measurements of
well-being and
vulnerability give
us a way to
translate the vital
conditions into
data-driven
portfolios

Social
Vulnerability
Index



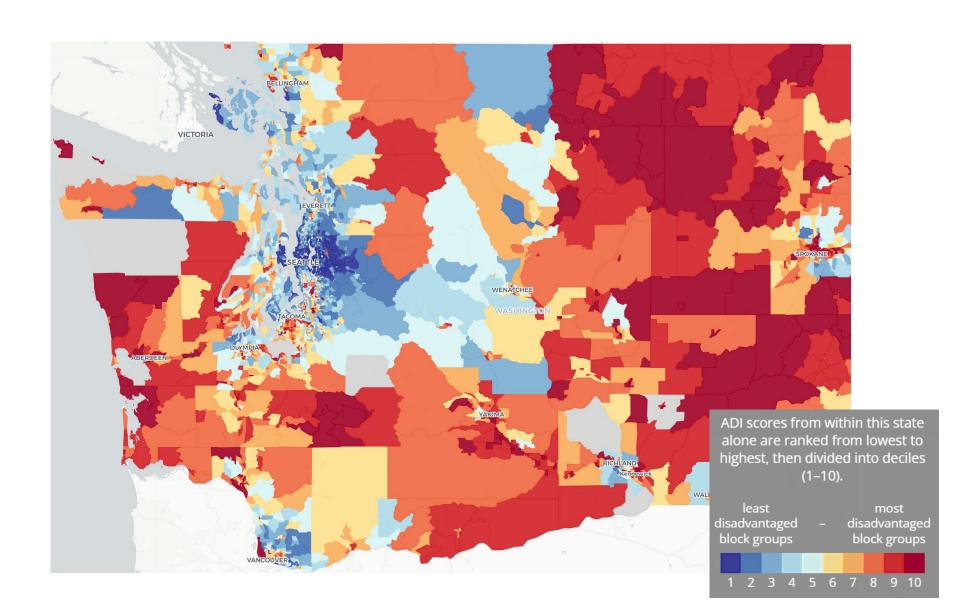


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The Neighborhood

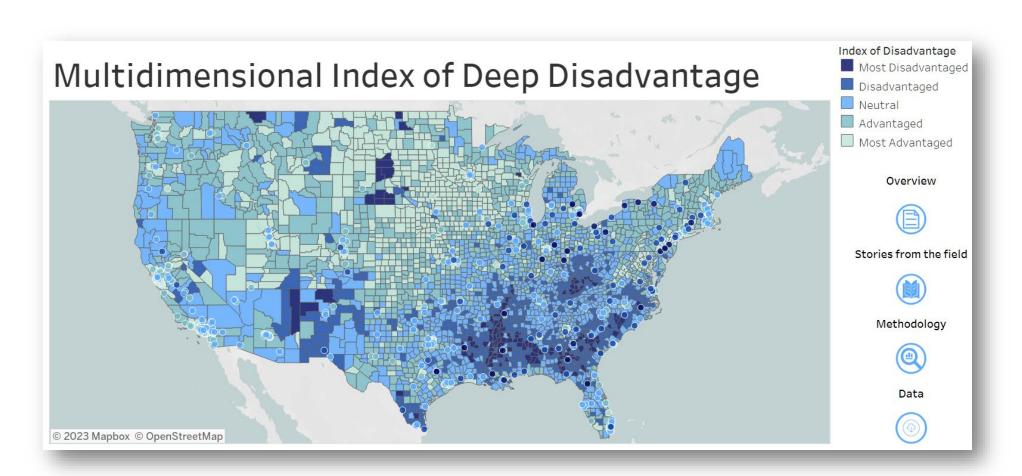
Atlas - Area

Deprivation Index



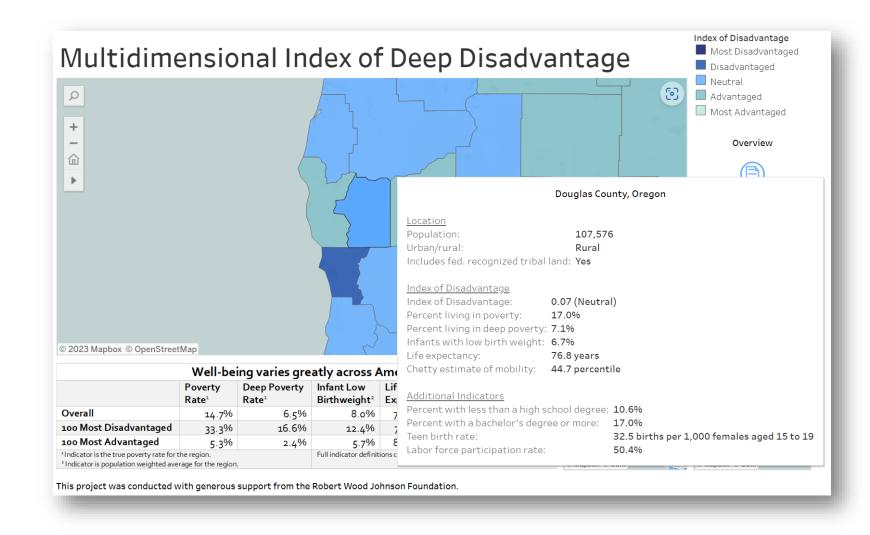
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Index of Deep Disadvantage



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<u>Index of Deep</u> <u>Disadvantage</u>

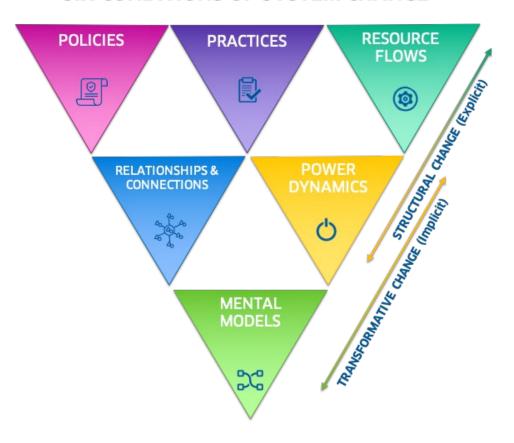


System Change

One reasons why bad systems get stuck in place is that we don't build up constructive interdependence.

Instead of working together across boundaries, we tend to . . .

- Interact sporadically and not really know each other
- Lack good standards for communicating and coordinating
- Chronically misunderstand each other's actions and motivations





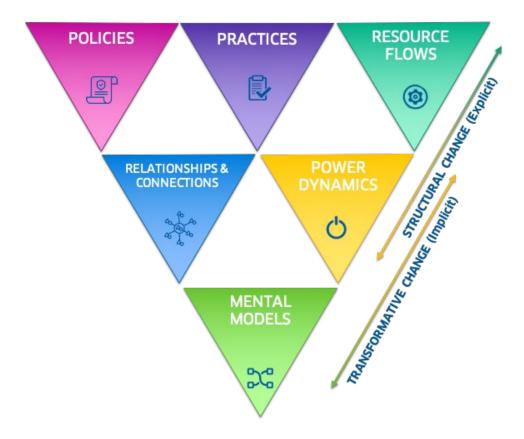


Another obstacle to transforming broken systems: Fear of change.

Even if we don't love the status quo, we've learned know now to navigate it.

So attempts at transformation can threaten our sense of control.

Even if people understand the benefits of change logically, they may still resist it.





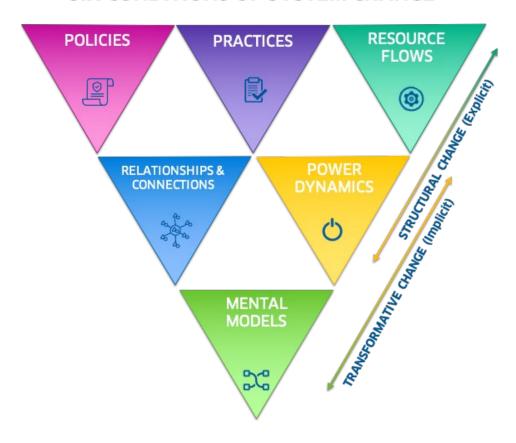


Communication is not enough. We need to persuade.

The best way to persuade, is to trigger optimism and hope instead of fear.

We can do that by telling an emotionally resonant story about shared values and interests.

System change begins with effective casemaking.



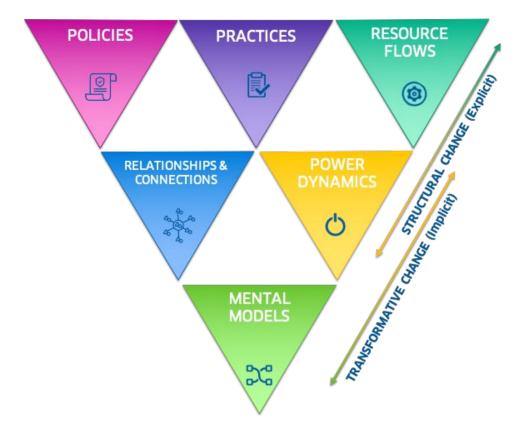




We want to present a hopeful case that focuses on shared values.

We want to make sure that everyone is in agreement on a diagnosis of the core problem.

We want to provide social reinforcement that lets people feel comfortable making a change.



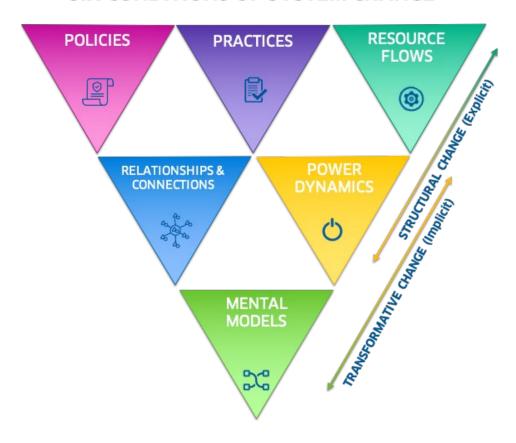




To transform entrenched systems, we need to adopt a stewardship orientation – and encourage others to adopt one too.

That includes . . .

- Making a concerted effort to think in terms of systems and to avoid isolated actions
- Focusing on the well-being of the whole community
- Operating with humility constantly ready to learn and adapt
- Finding ways to leverage existing strengths and energy





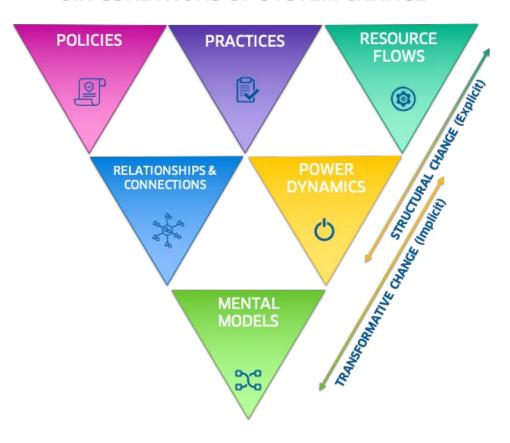


Stewardship occurs in three nested levels . . .

- Changing our internal mindsets and practices
- Changing mindsets and practices within our sphere of influence
- Changing mindsets and practices in the community

Everyone has a sphere of influence – where we've established bonds of trust.

That's the place to start when we work to build Belonging & Civic Muscle







Discussion

All Skagit Thriving - No Exceptions

Jennifer Johnson | February 7, 2024 jenniferj@co.skagit.wa.us















What is North Star?

- A collaborative, solutions-driven approach to tackle challenging issues that impact all of us throughout Skagit County.
- Enables us to move from managing community problems to solving them.
- Collective impact is more effective and efficient.
 - It costs less. It gets people the support and services they need, when they need it.
- Vision: All Skagit thriving, no exceptions.

Who's Involved?

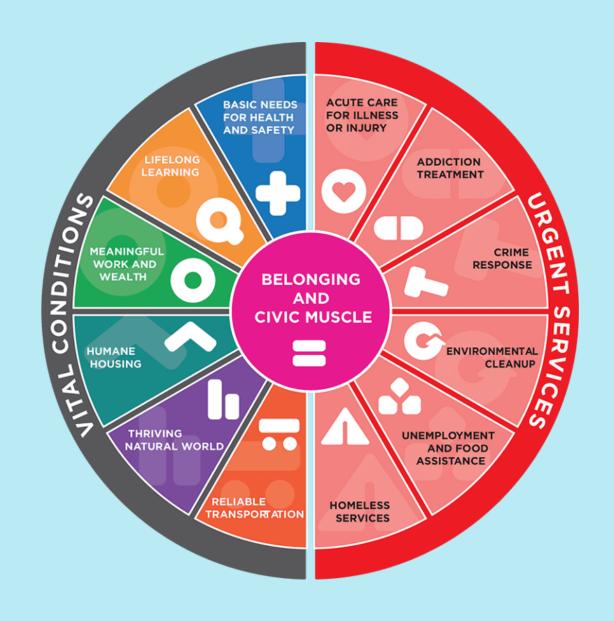
- Lead by Leadership Team composed of four City Mayors and three Skagit County Commissioners.
- Multi-sector Advisory Group and several workgroups provide guidance to the Leadership Team.
 - The Advisory Group includes community leaders from health care, human services, housing, education, law enforcement, tribal communities, faith leaders, people with lived experience, and more.

Guiding Principles

- Integrated and Coordinated System
- Vital Conditions for Health and Well-Being
- Learn, Listen, and Focus on Root Causes
- Sustainable Funding
- Robust Workforce
- Collaboration Over Independence
- Recovery Oriented Systems of Care
- Prioritize Populations

Vital Conditions

- Ensures there are balanced investments in urgent services and vital conditions
- Fuels systems change that supports thriving for all
- Emphasis on Belonging and Civic Muscle



Priorities

- Starting where the need is greatest
- Prioritized three pillars of work:

Shaping our Future

Effective Community-Based System of Care Stable, Safe Housing for Everyone

 All part of our big vision for Skagit County: a thriving community for everyone

Shaping Our Future

- Work together across jurisdictions to solve problems too big for anyone to solve on their own.
 - Develop enduring and enabling governance and operational structures
 - Further strengthen public-private partnerships
 - Improve integration of community voice

Effective and Coordinated Community-Based System of Care

- Improve our crisis outreach and co-response systems.
 - Develop a coordinated, county-side program
 - Improve performance and accountability of DCRs
- Expand and strengthen recovery support services.
 - Develop a peer learning collaborative
 - Leverage funding to support new recovery services
- Increase capacity and coordination of behavioral health services.
 - Develop legislative agenda to increase behavioral health services and supports
 - Expand Crisis Stabilization Campus

Safe, Stable Housing for Everyone

Build a pipeline of affordable housing.

- Inventory public parcels that would be suitable for housing
- Coordinate funding for housing projects that serve priority populations
- Streamline entitlement processes wherever possible

Make the path to housing easier.

- Maximize use of federal housing vouchers
- Improve and bolster Coordinated Entry

Successes

- Established new funding criteria and leveraged local dollars to create more resources to address homelessness.
- Secured \$12.7M from state legislature to expand Crisis Stabilization Campus.
- Pooled \$1.5M in city and county funding to operate Martha's Place –
 Skagit's first 70-unit permanent supportive housing development.
- Implemented a shared software system to improve coordination, care, and outcomes.
- Secured new community provider to improve Coordinated Entry.

Questions?



INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATION & RECIPROCITY CONSORTIUM

Exam Candidates, Certified Professionals, IC&RC Representatives

Prevention Domains: Public Policy and Environmental Change, Professional Growth and Responsibility or hours toward Drug Education.

internationalcredentialing.org



Goodbyes, Gratitude and...GPRAs!



Please fill out the GPRA.

Thank you for joining us today.