A Social Justice Approach to Working with and For Young People in Substance Use Prevention

May 15, 2024

Presented by

Dr. Parissa Ballard, Dr. Heather Kennedy, and Allyson Howe







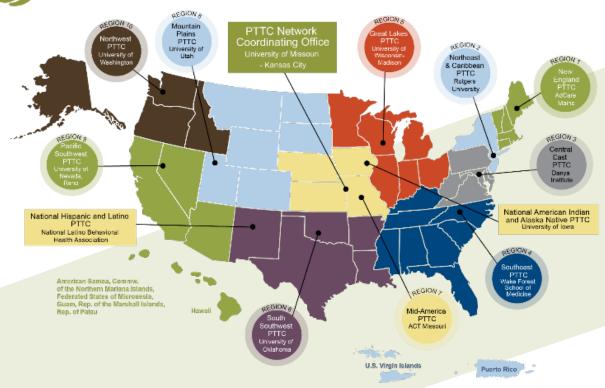
Disclaimer

- This training is 100% supported SAMHSA of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).
- The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement, by SAMHSA/HHS, or the U.S. Government.



of evidence-based and culturally informed practices.





<u>Co-Directors</u> Kimberly Wagoner, DrPH, MPH and Mark Wolfson, PhD

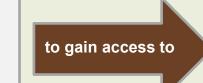


Housekeeping

Complete the

Evaluation Form

After the webinar:







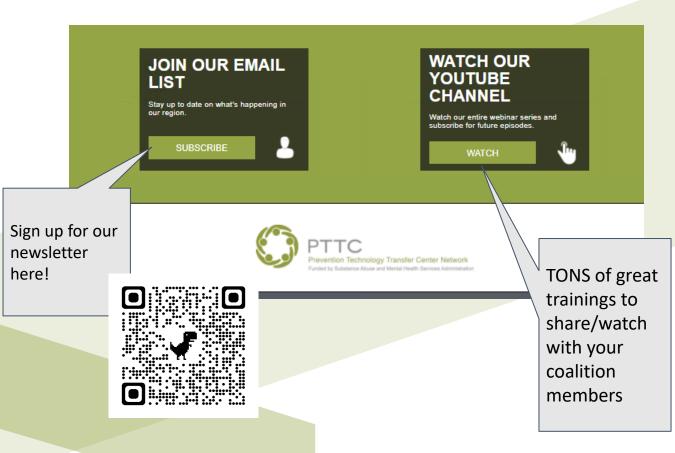






Bottom of our main webpage

pttcnetwork.org/southeast



Upcoming Events:

#1: Planning for Successful Grant Writing

May 20th

#3: Analyzing & Learning From Real-World Examples

June 10th

June 3rd

#2: Writing a Winning Proposal Narrative

Today's Presenters





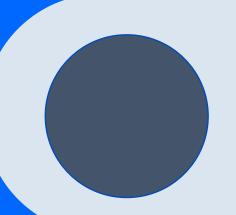




PTTC Webinar Series

Workshop 2: A Social Justice Approach to Working With and For Young People In Substance Use Prevention



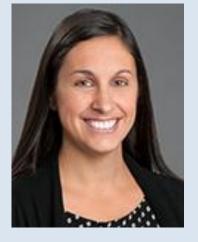


Welcome!

Agenda

- Introductions
- Learning objectives
- Narratives about adolescents
- One problem in Youth Engagement Work: Adultism
- Small group activity: Reflecting on adultist practices
- A solution: A Social Justice Approach to Youth Development
- Practices that enhance collaboration between youth and adults

Introductions







Facilitators:

- Parissa Ballard
- Heather Kennedy
- Allyson Howe

We invite you to introduce yourself in the chat with the following:

- Your name and pronouns
- Where you are from
- Shout out a positive mentor from your adolescence



Learning Objectives

After this session, participants will be able to:

- Identify unequal distributions of power in youth-adult relationships
- Describe the five core elements of social justice youth development
- Identify at least one practice to enhance youth-adult collaboration

Assumptions at the root of this session material

- We value equity
 - the absence of systematic disparities between groups with different levels of underlying social advantage/disadvantage—that is, wealth, power, or prestige (Braverman & Gruskin, 2003)
 - o extend this to think about how age provides power
- We operate in oppressive systems
- We are all our own path with thinking about issues related to equity and oppression

Group Norms

- Share from your experience (use "I" statements)
- Circle back
- Own impact and intent
- Listen to understand
- Practice curiosity
- Practice using asset-based language when talking about youth

Youth Engagement (Innovation) Specific Capacity

Code	Definition
Resources	Funding for youth/adult or travel, time/duration/dose/length of partnership, space, transportation, communication tools, technology, data
Training & preparation	Training for youth, training for adults, using a curriculum or existing tool, receiving support/coaching
Student characteristics	Connection between youth, shared identities, prior relationships with adults, interests, students have time to participate, dev. stage
Adult characteristics	Commitment, # of years of experience, academic degree, arts/photography/other relevant background, facilitators from community, racial concordance with participants
Facilitator skills	Relationship building, flexibility, power-sharing



In the Chat

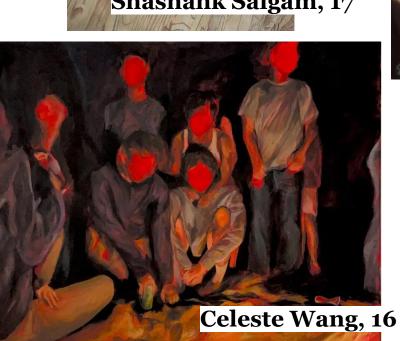
What are some of the common words/phrases you hear used to describe adolescents/teens?

Narratives about Adolescents

- Media representations
- Our own experiences
- Research/science
- Cultural norms and values
- Laws and policies

Narratives about adolescents change over time









Changrong Qu, 16

Source: NYT Coming of Age in 2022 Contest https://www.nytimes.com/2023/01/18/learning/what-its-like-to-be-a-teenager-now-the-winners-of-our-coming-of-age-in-2022-contest.html

Adultism or Anti-youth Ageism

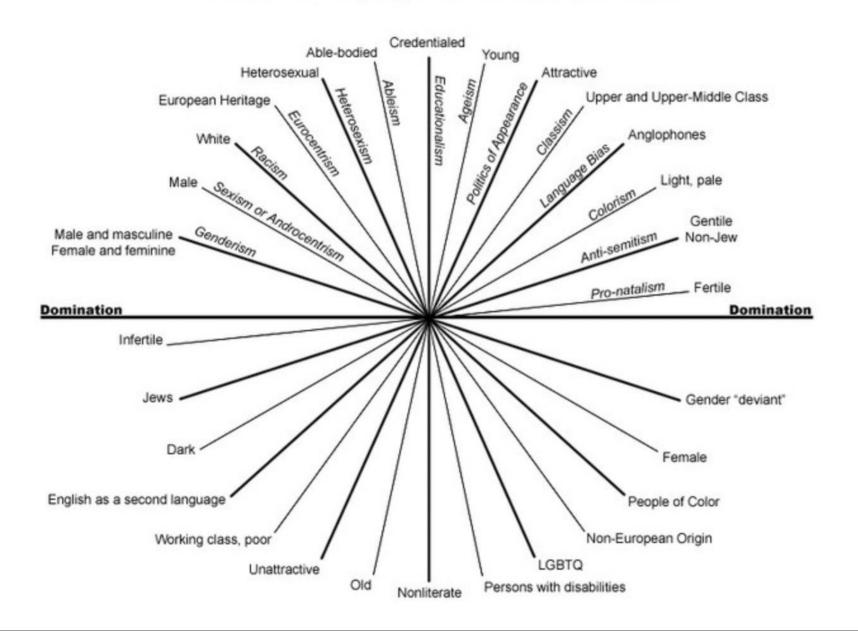
adultism refers to behaviors and attitudes based on the assumption that adults are better than young people, and entitled to act upon young people without their agreement (Bell, 1995)



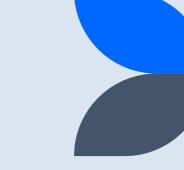
Intersecting Axes of Privilege, Domination, and Opression

Adapted from Kathryn Pauly Morgan, "Describing the Emperor's New Clothes: Three Myths of Educational (In)Equalty."

The Gender Question in Education: Theory, Pedagogy & Politics, Ann Diller et al., Boulder, CO: Westview, 1996.



Adultism operates in systems





Laws/Policies

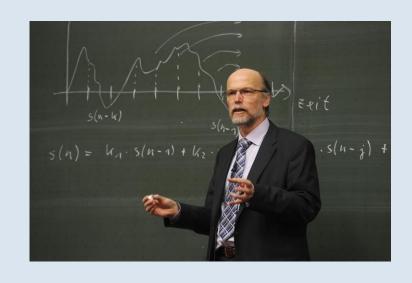
- Render youth powerless over most decisions that impact them
- Rights afforded to adults not always for "school children"
- Easier to punish youth than hold industries accountable

Adults/organizations/leadership

- Derail youth's transformative/progressive ideas
- Feign over youth being "articulate' without engaging authentically with their ideas- Discourse of surprise
- Do not allocate appropriate resources/time/funding to support youth
- Romanticization of youth voice without the reality to make it effective
- Decorative programming in lieu of transformative work

Adultism operates in youth programs







Policing

Lecturing

Disengaging





Obvious separation between youth/adults



Incomplete instruction



Excluding youth



Negative Comments

(Kennedy, Anyon, Engle, Schofield Clark, 2021)

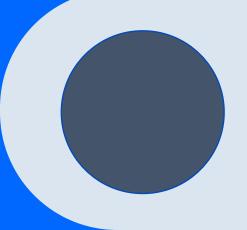
Youth internalize inferiority



- Defer to adults to make decisions
- Higher internalized adultism- worse decision-making capacity, poorer problem solving

Small Group Activity





Debrief

What examples of these adultist practices came up in your group discussion? How do these show up?

What specific ideas emerged to address them?

A solution: A Social Justice Approach to Youth Development

Youth "contest, challenge, respond to, and negotiate the use and misuse of power in their lives" (Ginwright & James, 2002, p. 35).



Embrace Youth Culture

- Celebrate youth culture in organizational culture
- Language
- Personnel
- Recruitment Strategies

Encourage Collective Action

- Involve oneself in collective action and strategies that challenge local and national systems and institutions
- Community Organizing
- Rallies and Marches
- Walkouts
- Boycotts and Hunger Strikes
- Electoral Strategies

Analyze Power in Social Relationships



- Political Education
- Political Strategizing
- **Identifying Power Holders**
- Reflecting on power in one's own life

Make Identity Central



- Join support groups and organizations that support identity
- Read material where one's identity is central and celebrated
- Critique stereotypes regarding one's identities

Core Principles

Promote Systemic Social Change



- Work to end social inequality
- Refrain from activities and behaviors that are oppressive to others





Applying SJYD in Prevention

Situation: There has been an uptick in vaping in bathrooms at your local high school. School leaders ask the local coalition to suggest solutions.

Thinking about adultism and the SJYD framework, what considerations feel most important?

Core Component of SJYD	Curious questions
Embrace youth culture	 Can you help me understand what is happening? What feels most important about this right now? What are your current school climate initiatives or goals?
Make Identity Central	 In what ways have you involved youth who are most impacted by this (e.g. those who use nicotine, those who have expressed concerns?) How are you centering health equity considerations in any potential solutions?
Analyze power in social relationships	 Can you help me understand the current disciplinary approach? Who engages with students when they are identified as using tobacco/nicotine?
Encourage collective action	 Who are the various people involved/stakeholders who should be part of this conversation? How are other schools/coalition addressing this issue, are there models that might work well in our context?
Promote Systemic Change	 In what ways are youth involved in co-designing solutions to this challenge? Do you have formal opportunities for students to provide input? If resources, funding, and capacity were of no concern, how would you imagine addressing teen vaping at your school?



Practices that enhance collaboration between youth & adults



WORKING WITH YOUTH

PRACTICES THAT SUPPORT GENUINE YOUTH-ADULT COLLABORATION

Findings from research on youth participatory action research at the Bridge Project



NTENTION

- · Outline session activities
- · Provide clear guidance on activity steps
- · Connect content from previous sessions to current session
- · Debrief activities in a way that allows youth to understand how the skills they've learned might be useful in the future



OUTH LEAD







Project level decisions



ACKNOWLEDGE POWER

- · Apologize when you make mistakes
- · Be aware of non-verbal communication
- · Discuss different identities of youth and adults and how power may be associated with those identities
- · If you make a decision without youth, explain and justify.



WORK TOGETHER

Work, play, participate, problem-solve, and clean together.



EARN TO LET GO

Let Go of:



Rigid behavioral expectations Desire to control dialogue Punitive discipline

Embrace:



Curiosity



Relationships Authenticity

Fun/Silliness



ENGAGE IN DIALOGUE

- Ask open-ended questions
- · Moderate don't punctuate
- · Allow for silence



CELEBRATE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Honor birthdays and other special events
- · Recognize productive behavior
- · Acknowledge unique contributions of vouth
- · Celebrate completion of activity not just project

"Do not say things that are dismissive, like: "Oh it's life, get over it". Instead, teachers could let students take a breather if they need one, because they are getting angry or upset."-HS Student

(Kennedy, Anyon, Engle, Schofield Clark, 2021)

Resources for further learning

Lessons in Adolescence Podcast (particularly Episode 24): https://podcasts.apple.com/us/podcast/lessons-in-adolescence/id1535500075

Frameworks Reframing Adolescence and Adolescent Development toolkit: https://www.frameworksinstitute.org/toolkit/the-core-story-of-adolescence/

Adultism TEDx Talk: (Heather Kennedy): https://youtu.be/QOznObRok_4

Should you let Gen Z "save us"? Youth Liberation explained with Saint Andrewism | Khadija Mbowe https://youtu.be/QkTjlf6BTFU



References

- Ciocanel, O., Power, K., Eriksen, A. et al. (2017). Effectiveness of Positive Youth Development Interventions: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. J Youth Adolescence 46, 483–504 https://doi.org/10.1007/s10964-016-0555-6
- Ginwright, S., & James, T. (2002). From assets to agents of change: Social justice, organizing, and youth development. *New directions for youth development*, 2002(96), 27-46.
- Hinson, L., Kapungu, C., Jessee, C., Skinner, M., Bardini, M & Evans-Whipp, T. (2016) Measuring positive youth development toolkit: A guide for Implementers of youth programs. Washington DC: YouthPower Learning, Making Cents International. Retrieved from https://www.icrw.orh/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/pyd-measurement-toolkit-final.pdf
- Kennedy, H., Anyon, A., Engle, C., Schofield Clark, L. (2021). Using intergroup contact theory to understand the practices of youth-serving professionals in the context of YPAR: Identifying racialized adultism. *Child & Youth Services*. https://doi.org/10.1080/0145935X.2021.2004113
- Kennedy, H., Dechants, J., Bender, K., & Anyon, Y. (2019). More than data collectors: A systematic review of the environmental outcomes of youth inquiry: approaches in the United States. *American Journal of Community Psychology*, 63(1–2), 208–226. https://doi.org/10.1002/ajcp.12321

Thank you!

Contact:

Parissa Ballard - pballard @wakehealth.edu

Heather Kennedy-

heather.kennedy@cuanschutz.edu

Allyson Howe- Allyson.howe@cuanschutz.edu

Questions?

Q&A



https://ttc-gpra.org/P?s=368841

The purpose of the Prevention Technology Transfer Center (PTTC) Network is to improve implementation and delivery of effective substance abuse prevention interventions, and provide training and technical assistance services to the substance abuse prevention field.

Address for the listsery is

https://lp.constantcontactpages.com/su/OaIT5aj/SignUp



Join our Email List Here

CONNECT WITH US



southeast@pttcnetwork.org



Pttcnetwork.org/southeast

